

# Hamilton Reference Guide Syringes & Needles



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### **SYRINGES** | INTRODUCTION

# Syringes

Hamilton syringes are the finest precision fluid measuring devices available. Top quality materials and skilled workmanship ensure Hamilton syringes consistently deliver the highest possible performance for reliable analyses. With proper care and handling, Hamilton syringes provide unsurpassed performance for many years.

For manual dispenses, our syringes are accurate to within  $\pm 1\%$  of nominal volume with a precision of 1% at 80% of the total volume. The fluid path of a Hamilton syringe is chemically inert with stainless steel, borosilicate glass, and PTFE used for most syringes. N.I.S.T. traceable certification is available as an additional service for the majority of the syringes in our product line.

Hamilton continuously researches new materials and methods to improve the form, fit, and function of our syringes. You can be confident that when you buy from Hamilton you are receiving a top-quality instrument. For the latest information on new products please visit www.hamiltoncompany.com.

Hamilton's broad product offering includes more than 2000 syringe and accessory part numbers. This reference guide organizes these parts into logical groupings and provides supporting technical information for the most commonly asked questions.



# Introduction

Product finder tutorials simplify the process of finding the right syringe Not familiar with the terminology? Visit the Syringe 101 section for definitions and terminology.



General Syringes

Syringes for general use that are grouped based on their syringe type, series, termination, and needle, if applicable.



General Syringes

P. 14

Introduction

P. 6

Chromatography and Analysis Syringes

These syringes are organized by their intended application and instrument compatibility. Write down the make and model of your equipment and turn to this section to find a compatible syringe.



Life Science Syringes

This section contains syringes designed for animal injections and accessories that adapt standard syringes for use with tubing, infusion pumps, stereotaxic frames, and other specialty applications.



Life Science Syringes

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Chromatography and Analysis Syringes

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# Syringe and Cleaning Accessories

These syringe accessories are designed to increase dispense reproducibility, prevent syringe damage, and increase syringe longevity through proper maintenance.



Syringe and Cleaning Accessories

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# Syringe Technical Reference

This section contains the most frequently requested syringe reference information including: care and use, calibration, operating parameters, and more.



Syringe Technical Reference

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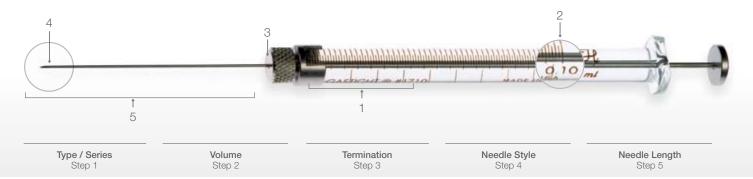


# Find Your Product

# I have a syringe, what's the part number?

If you need to reorder a syringe but cannot find the part number, this tutorial will help guide you to the most likely syringe part number. Use the five steps below to fill in information about your syringe and then turn to the series page to see the possible part numbers.

### Use the steps below to fill in these syringe details:



### Step 1

# Type / Series

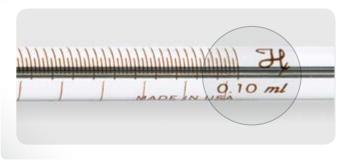
The silk screen tells you the Syringe Type and Syringe Model number. Record the Type in the space provided above and then use the chart below to determine the Syringe Series. Using the Syringe Series, find the page in this guide where the part numbers for that series are displayed.



# Step 2

### Volume

The Syringe Model gives an indication of the syringe volume but it is easiest to read and record the volume by looking at the maximum volume silk screened onto the barrel.



### Step 3

### **Termination**

The syringe termination is the connection between the syringe and needle. The illustrations below are the most common terminations. Pick the termination that matches your syringe and record the termination in the space provided. To see a complete list of terminations turn to page 12.

ID	Termination Style	Termination
N and SN		Cemented Needle
LTN and LTSN		Luer Tip Cemented Needle
LT		Luer Tip
TLL		PTFE Luer Lock
RN		Removable Needle
KH		Knurled Hub
SL		SampleLock™
С		ChemSeal

# Step 4

## **Needle Style**

Determine and record the needle point style by comparing the illustrations below to the needle on your syringe. For more information on point styles turn to page 13.

ID	Point Style	Description
2		10-12° sharp, beveled, curved non-coring
3		Blunt, electro-polished
4		Sharp 10-12° beveled needle
5	•	Conical with side port for penetration without coring
AS		Conical, non-coring designed to withstand multiple injections

# Step 5

# **Needle Length**

The standard needle length for a Hamilton syringe is 51 mm. If the length of your needle is not 51 mm it is likely that the needle was a custom order using either a special cemented needle termination or a removable needle termination with the needle sold separately.

The needle gauge dictates the inner and outer diameter of the needle. The optimal needle gauge has been preselected for most syringes based on the syringe volume. For special applications, larger or smaller needle gauges may be ordered via the SN or LTSN terminations or separately as a custom needle. A complete needle gauge index can be found on page 119.



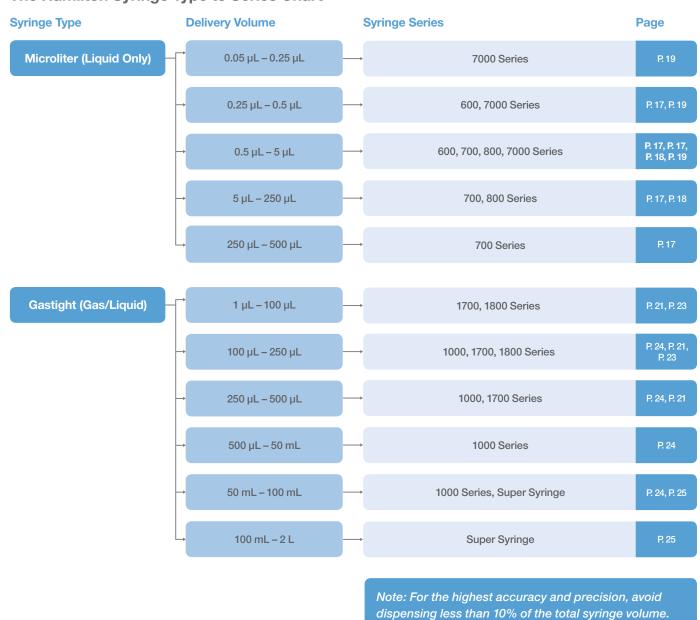
### **SYRINGES** | INTRODUCTION

# I know my dispense volume, which syringe is right?

Use the table below to find which Syringe Series are available for the desired dispense volume, then turn to the appropriate Series page to see which terminations and needles are available for that Series.

Visit the following pages for more information on Syringe Type (page 11), Series (page 11), Termination (page 12), and Needle Point (page 13).

### The Hamilton Syringe Type to Series Chart





# I have a syringe, which needle do I need?

If you already have a syringe and need a Hamilton needle, review the three options below to determine which needle hub is compatible with your syringe. Once the needle hub is identified turn to the corresponding page to browse the available needle gauges, lengths, and point styles.

### **Option 1**

### I already know my syringe termination

Below are the syringe terminations that accept replacement needles. Identify your termination below and proceed to the corresponding needle hub page to see the compatible needle part numbers.



### **Option 2**

### I know my syringe part number, but not the termination

If you know the syringe part number but do not know what termination it has, you can look up the part number in the index at the back of this guide. You will be directed to the page where the part number is displayed, indicating the syringe termination. Alternatively, you can search for the part number at www.hamiltoncompany.com where the product page will list the termination and the compatible needle hub. Once the termination is determined use Option 1 to find the page where the appropriate needles are listed.

### **Option 3**

### I have a plastic syringe and need a compatible needle

Many plastic syringes use an industry standard Luer or Luer Lock connector. For these syringes both the Hamilton Metal Hub (page 106) and the Kel-F Hub (page 105) needles are compatible.







# Syringe 101:

# Definitions and Terminology

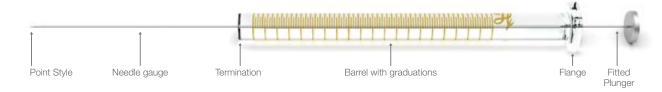
This section is designed to provide a quick overview of the most popular Hamilton syringe series, plungers, needle connections, and needle point styles. It is also intended to give an introduction to common terminology that will be used throughout the syringe reference guide.

Microliter Syringes 700 Series	AND	P. 11
Modified Microliter Syringes 7000 Series	Minimum distribution of the second of the se	P. 11
Gastight Syringes 1700 Series and 1000 Series		P. 11
Reinforced Plunger Syringe 800 and 1800 Series		P. 12
Syringe Terminations		P. 12
Needle Point Styles		P. 13



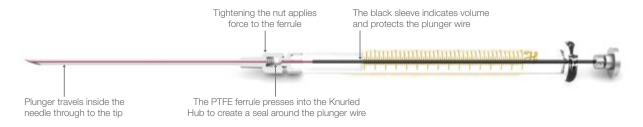
# Microliter Syringes (700 Series)

Microliter syringes are used with liquid only. They feature a stainless steel plunger which is individually fitted to the glass barrel. The result is a liquid tight seal with nearly frictionless movement. These syringes are ideal for organic samples that are not prone to precipitation, crystallization, or bonding with glass. Plungers and barrels are not interchangeable or replaceable.



# Modified Microliter Syringes (7000 Series)

These syringes are designed to dispense volumes below 5  $\mu$ L. This requires an extremely small tungsten plunger wire that travels to the tip of the needle. The resulting design has zero dead volume and is accurate below 50 nL.



# Gastight Syringes (1700 and 1000 Series)

Gastight syringes are ideal for dispensing both liquids and gases. They have a polymer plunger tip which creates a leak-free seal. Traditionally the tip is made from PTFE but other materials are used for selected applications. The polymer tip wipes the interior of the syringe barrel free of sample; extending the syringe life for samples with dissolved solids like salts, proteins, or DNA.





### **SYRINGES** | INTRODUCTION

# Gastight Syringes (1700 and 1000 Series) (Cont.)

Gastight syringes are used as the standard in syringe pumps. Syringes 1 mL and smaller are available with a plunger stop. This ensures that when the syringe pump bottoms out the stop hits on the glass before the fragile plunger tip is damaged. The stop is also tapped with a #6-32 hole in the back to enable connection to the syringe pump. Syringes larger than 1 mL also come standard with this threaded hole.



# Reinforced Plunger Syringe (800 and 1800 Series)

Small volume syringes require extremely small plunger wires. For uses that are prone to bending and breaking these small plungers, it is recommended to use a reinforced plunger syringe. These plungers are available in both Microliter and Gastight versions.



# Syringe Terminations

Terminations are located at the end of the syringe barrel and function as the interface between the syringe and its mating connection such as the needle. Terminations are offered in a number of different needle and connection configurations to accommodate a broad range of applications.

Termination		Abbreviation	Remark	Autoclavable
Cemented Needle		N	For low-volume syringes	No
Luer Tip Cemented Needle		LTN	For mid-volume syringes	No
Removable Needle	d d h	RN	No dead volume connection Use with Small Hub needles (2.5 $\mu$ L - 100 $\mu$ L) or Large Hub needles (250 $\mu$ L - 10 mL)	Yes, if disassembled



# Syringe Terminations (Cont.)

Termination	Abbreviation	Remark	Autoclavable
Knurled Hub	KH	For Modified Microliter syringes only	Yes, if disassembled
Luer Tip	LT	Compatible with Kel-F needles and fittings	Yes, if disassembled
PTFE Luer Lock	TLL	Compatible with Kel-F or Metal Hub needles and fittings	Yes, if disassembled
SampleLock™	SL	Integrated on/off valve Use with Large Hub needles	No
Fixed Needle	FN	Found on CTC C-Line and X-Type syringes	No
High Temp	НТ	For headspace sampling up to 200 °C on a CTC autosampler	Yes, if disassembled
ChemSeal™	С	1/4"-28 UNF/threaded connection	No

# Needle Point Styles

Hamilton offers several different needle point styles depending on the intended application. For most syringes and needles, the standard length is set to 51 mm. Customization of the length, gauge, and point style is possible to suit almost any application.

ID	10 – 12° sharp, beveled,		Application	Gauges	
2			Gas chromatography, septum piercing	33 – 10 ga	
3		High performance liquid chromatography Blunt, electro-polished injection, thin-layer chromatography liquid handling, controlled animal inje		34 – 10 ga	
ЗТ		Blunt, electro-polished, coated with PTFE 19 mm from the tip	Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) applications	26s, 26, 22s, and 22 ga	
4		Sharp 10 - 12° beveled needle; other angles available upon request	Life science/animal injections	34 – 10 ga	
5		Conical with side port for penetration without coring	Headspace, applications prone to needle clogging, causes minimal septum damage	26 – 10 ga	
AS		Conical, non-coring designed to withstand multiple injections	Autosampler injection, pre-pierced septa	26 - 10 ga	



### **GENERAL SYRINGES**

# General Syringes

This section contains our most popular syringes, grouped by their physical characteristics and construction. Syringes are first organized by type; either Microliter or Gastight, then by series, termination, volume, point style, gauge, and finally, length.

The page numbers listed to the right mark the beginning of the part numbers available for each syringe series. For a detailed explanation of each syringe series refer to the Syringe 101 section on page 10.



# Microliter™ Syringe Series

The result is a liquid tight seal with nearly frictionless movement. These syringes are ideal for organic samples that are not prone to precipitation, crystallization or bonding with glass.



Gastight® Syringe Series

Gastight syringes are ideal for dispensing both liquids and gases. They have a polymer plunger tip effectively which creates a leak-free seal. The polymer tip wipes the interior of the syringe barrel free of sample.



Microliter Syringes

P. 16

Gastight Syringes

P. 20

# Calibrated Syringes

Simplify compliance by purchasing factory calibrated and serialized syringes.



Digital Syringes

Eliminate the need for

reading graduations and improve accuracy and precision with a factory calibrated Digital Syringe.



**Calibrated Syringes** 

P 26

**Digital Syringes** 

P 27



### **GENERAL SYRINGES** | MICROLITER SYRINGES



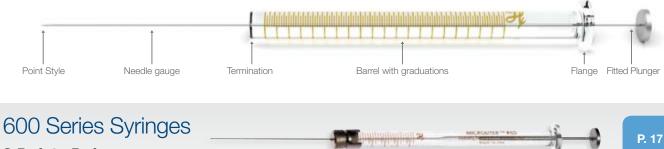
# Microliter Syringes

Microliter syringes are for use with liquids only. They incorporate hand-fitted stainless steel plungers with precision bored syringe barrels. The hand fitting process enables the tightest possible seal with a plunger movement that is virtually frictionless. The result is a syringe with minimal plunger wear and an almost unlimited useful life when maintained properly.

These syringes are ideal for homogeneous samples that are not prone to precipitation or bonding with glass. However, when using

heterogeneous solutions, the user must be diligent about cleaning the syringe after each use. Refer to page 77 for care and use recommendations.

In some cases, even diligent cleaning is not sufficient and the barrel will become soiled. The deposits on the glass will compromise the tight tolerance between the glass and the plunger resulting in a frozen plunger. Plungers for Microliter syringes cannot be interchanged or replaced if damaged. For heterogeneous solutions, a Gastight syringe is the best option.







# 600 Series Syringes

The 600 series syringes are a rugged, durable, and long lasting half stroke version of Hamilton's original 700 series syringes. They have a reinforced plunger which prevents plunger bending. Each plunger is individually fitted to the glass barrel and cannot be interchanged between syringes. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 0.25 μL up to 5 μL. Because of the shorter stroke length, the 600 series syringes can be used for one-handed applications.





# 700 Series Syringes

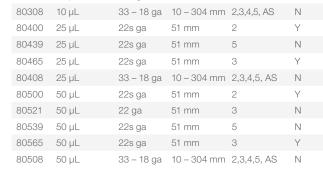
The 700 series syringe is the original hand-fitted Hamilton syringe. The stainless steel plunger is manufactured to fit the glass barrel with a tolerance less than three thousandths of a millimeter, resulting in unsurpassed syringe life. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 0.5 µL up to 500 µL. A variety of different terminations and needle options are available.



# **Cemented Needle Syringes**



MICROLITER TM #7





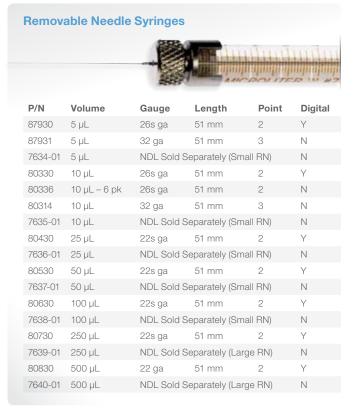
**Point Styles** 

### **GENERAL SYRINGES | MICROLITER SYRINGES**

# 700 Series Syringes (Cont.)

#### **Cemented Needle Syringes (Cont.)** P/N Volume Point Digital Gauge Length 80600 100 µL 22s ga 51 mm 80621 100 μL 22 ga 51 mm Ν 80639 100 µL 22s ga 51 mm 80665 100 μL 22s ga 51 mm 100 μL 33 – 18 ga 10 – 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS N 80608 80700 250 µL 22s ga 51 mm 2 80739 250 μL 22 ga 51 mm 80765 250 µL 22 ga 51 mm 250 μL 80708 33 - 18 ga 10 - 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS N 80800 500 uL 22 ga 51 mm 2 80839 500 μL 22 ga 500 μL 80865 22 ga 51 mm 80808 500 µL 33 - 18 ga 10 - 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS N





# 800 Series Syringes

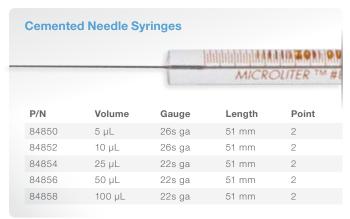
The 800 series syringes are the reinforced plunger version of the 700 series syringes. Attached to the flange of the syringe is a blue syringe holder. The syringe holder provides an area to hold the syringe that prevents heat transfer, dispense inaccuracies, and plunger blow outs. Additionally, it provides support

to small volume plungers that are prone to bending during injection. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 0.5  $\mu$ L up to 250  $\mu$ L.





# 800 Series Syringes (Cont.)





# 7000 Series Syringes

The 7000 series syringes are modified Microliter syringes with a plunger-in-needle design. The 7000 series is the only zero dead volume syringe available. The fine gauge tungsten plunger wire extends to the tip of the needle, ensuring that all solvent is expelled dispensing volumes from  $0.05~\mu L$  up to  $5~\mu L$ .



					14141414
		-	1999		MICROL
P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point	Digital
86259	0.5 μL	25 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
86250	0.5 μL	25 ga	70 mm	3	Υ
86257	0.5 μL	32 ga	100 mm	3	Ν
80135	1 µL	25 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
86211	1 μL	22 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
80100	1 µL	25 ga	70 mm	3	Υ
86200	1 µL	22 ga	70 mm	3	Υ
80108	1 μL	25 ga	48 – 127 mm	2, 3, or 4	Ν
88411	2 μL	25 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
88511	2 μL	23 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
88400	2 μL	25 ga	70 mm	3	Υ
88500	2 μL	23 ga	70 mm	3	Υ
88011	5 μL	24 ga	70 mm	2	Υ
88000	5 μL	24 ga	70 mm	3	Υ

**Knurled Hub Syringes** 

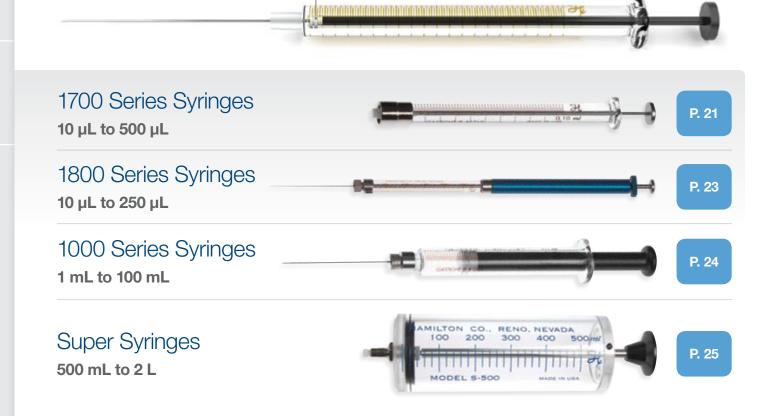




# Gastight Syringes

Gastight syringes are ideal for dispensing both liquids and gases. They have a precision-machined PTFE plunger tip which creates a leak-free seal. With the tight fit, the tip wipes the interior of the syringe barrel free of sample. This feature is particularly useful with heterogeneous samples as it reduces the chance that deposits will build up and cause the plunger to freeze.

The fluid path for all Gastight syringes is designed to be as chemically inert as possible. The liquid contact is borosilicate glass, PTFE, and stainless steel for all syringes except the Super Syringes which use acrylic and Buna-N in the barrel and plunger disc.



Polymer tip creates a leak-free seal for both liquids and gases



# 1700 Series Syringes

The 1700 series syringes are the Gastight version of the original 700 series syringes. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 1  $\mu$ L up to 500  $\mu$ L. A variety of different terminations and needle options are available in this series.



### **Cemented Needle Syringes**



P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point	Digital	
80000	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
80075	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	3	Υ	
80085	10 μL	26 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
80039	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
80008	10 μL	33 – 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	
80200	25 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
80275	25 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Υ	
80285	25 µL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
80239	25 μL	22s ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
80208	25 μL	33 – 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	
80900	50 µL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
80975	50 µL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Υ	
80985	50 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
80939	50 µL	22s ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
80908	50 μL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	
81000	100 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
81075	100 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Υ	
81085	100 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
81039	100 μL	22s ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
81008	100 μL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	
81100	250 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
81175	250 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Υ	
81185	250 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
81139	250 μL	22s ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
81108	250 μL	33 – 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	
81217	500 µL	22 ga	51 mm	2	Υ	
81216	500 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν	
81243	500 μL	22 ga	51 mm	5	Ν	
81214	500 μL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, 4, 5, AS	Ν	

### **Removable Needle Syringes**



P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point	Digital
80030	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	2	Υ
80065	10 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Υ
80014	10 μL	32 ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7653-01	10 μL	NDL Sold Se	eparately (Small	RN)	Ν
80230	25 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ
80265	25 µL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7654-01	25 µL	NDL Sold Se	eparately (Small	RN)	Ν
80930	50 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ
80965	50 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7655-01	50 μL	NDL Sold Se	eparately (Small	RN)	Ν
81030	100 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ
81065	100 μL	22s ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7656-01	100 μL	NDL Sold Se	eparately (Small	RN)	Ν
81130	250 μL	22s ga	51 mm	2	Υ
81165	250 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7657-01	250 μL	NDL Sold S	eparately (Lar	ge RN)	Ν
81230	500 μL	22 ga	51 mm	2	Υ
81265	500 μL	22 ga	51 mm	3	Ν
7658-01	500 μL	NDL Sold S	Separately (Lar	ge RN)	Ν



### **GENERAL SYRINGES** | GASTIGHT SYRINGES

# 1700 Series Syringes (Cont.)



#### P/N Volume **Needle Hub Plunger Stop** 80062 10 μL No Needle Available 80262 25 μL No Needle Available 80962 50 μL No Needle Available Yes 81062 100 μL No Needle Available 81060 $100~\mu L$ No Needle Available No 81162 250 μL No Needle Available 81160 250 μL No Needle Available No 81262 500 μL No Needle Available 81260 500 μL No Needle Available No

**ChemSeal Syringes** 

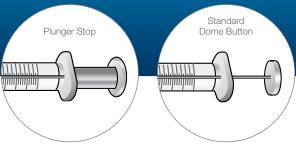
### **Luer Lock Syringes**



P/N	Volume	Needle Hub	Plunger Stop
80222	25 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes
80920	50 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No
80922	50 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes
81020	100 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No
81022	100 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes
81120	250 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No
81122	250 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes
81220	500 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No
81222	500 μL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes

### **Plunger Stop**

For syringes 1 mL and smaller, the Plunger Stop replaces the standard dome button. The stop has a #6-32 threaded hole in the back for connecting to a syringe pump and is adjusted to protect the plunger tip from damage by hitting the syringe flange before the plunger tip bottoms out. Syringes larger than 1 mL come standard with a #6-32 threaded hole and do not require a plunger stop.



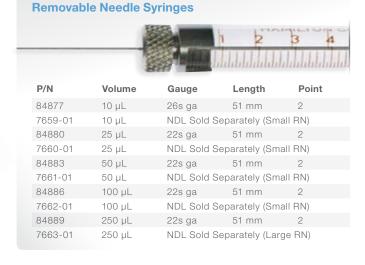


# 1800 Series Syringes

The 1800 series syringes are the reinforced plunger version of the 1700 series syringes. Attached to the flange of the syringe is a blue syringe holder. The syringe holder provides an area to hold the syringe that prevents heat transfer, dispense inaccuracies, and plunger blow outs. Additionally it provides support to small volume plungers that are prone to bending during injection. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 1  $\mu$ L up to 250  $\mu$ L.



#### **Cemented Needle Syringes** GASTIGHT @ P/N Volume Gauge 84875 10 μL 26s ga 51 mm 84878 25 μL 22s ga 51 mm 84881 50 μL 22s ga 51 mm 84884 100 μL 51 mm 22s ga 84887 250 μL 22s ga 51 mm





# 1000 Series Syringes

The 1000 series syringes are a mid-volume Gastight syringe. This series of syringes is ideal for dispensing volumes from 100 µL up to 100 mL. A variety of different terminations and needle options are available in this versatile syringe series.



P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point
81317	1 mL	22 ga	51 mm	2
81316	1 mL	22 ga	51 mm	3
81343	1 mL	22 ga	51 mm	5
81314	1 mL	33 – 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2,3,4,5, AS
81416	2.5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	3
81417	2.5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	2
81443	2.5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	5
81414	2.5 mL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2,3,4,5, AS
81516	5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	3
81517	5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	2
81543	5 mL	22 ga	51 mm	5
81514	5 mL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2,3,4,5, AS
81616	10 mL	22 ga	51 mm	3
81617	10 mL	22 ga	51 mm	2
81643	10 mL	22 ga	51 mm	5
81614	10 mL	33 - 18 ga	10 – 304 mm	2,3,4,5, AS

#### **Luer Tip Cemented Needle Syringes** GASTIGHT ® #10 P/N Volume Length 2 81317 1 mL 22 ga 51 mm 81316 1 mL 22 ga 51 mm 81314 1 mL 33 - 18 ga 10 – 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS 81417 2.5 mL 22 ga 51 mm 2.5 mL 81416 22 ga 51 mm 81443 2.5 mL 81414 33 - 18 ga 10 – 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS 81517 5 mL 22 ga 51 mm 5 mL 3 81516 22 ga 51 mm 81543 5 mL 51 mm 81514 33 - 18 ga 10 – 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS 81617 10 mL 22 ga 51 mm 81616 10 mL 22 ga 51 mm





81643

10 mL

10 mL

22 ga

33 - 18 ga

51 mm

10 – 304 mm 2,3,4,5, AS

### GENERAL SYRINGES | GASTIGHT SYRINGES

# 1000 Series Syringes (Cont.)







P/N	Volume	Needle Hub	With Flange			
81320	1 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
81420	2.5 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
81520	5 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
81620	10 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
82520	25 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
82521	25 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No			
85020	50 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			
85021	50 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	No			
86020	100 mL	Metal or Kel-F Hub	Yes			

### **Syringe Without Flange**

The flange on a 25 mL and 50 mL syringe can interfere with mounting the syringe into a syringe pump. For these cases the syringes are available without a flange.





# Super Syringes

The Hamilton Super Syringe is a large volume Gastight syringe. These syringes are ideal for dispensing volumes from 50 mL up to 2 L. Super Syringes are the only Hamilton syringes that are made with an acrylic barrel instead of glass.





### **GENERAL SYRINGES** | CALIBRATED SYRINGES



# Calibrated Syringes

Hamilton Company offers a calibration service for precision Calibrated Syringes and Digital Syringes. A Certificate of Calibration is provided with the product and the procedure is performed with an unbroken chain of calibrations traceable to N.I.S.T. standards.

Calibrated precision syringes are available only at the time of purchase. Most non-custom syringes are available as calibrated; a complete listing of part numbers is available at hamiltoncompany. com. A calibrated syringe is ordered by adding the prefix "CAL" to the beginning of the syringe part number. For example, to order a calibrated 701N, 10 µL syringe (part number 80300), part number CAL80300 should be requested.





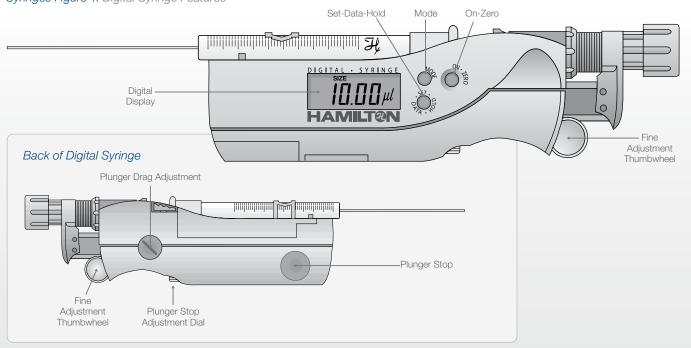


# Digital Syringes

Reading graduations can be a challenge. The Hamilton Digital Syringe eliminates parallax errors by providing a digital readout on its integrated LCD screen. An adjustable plunger-stop guarantees reproducible plunger placement. Easily achieve precision while dispensing volumes ranging from 50 nL up to 500  $\mu$ L. This syringe is operated by manually moving the plunger.

The Digital Syringe base unit is compatible with the 700 (page 17), 1700 (page 21), and 7000 (page 19) series syringes. Not all syringes are available as a Digital Syringe; check the syringe series page for availability. A Digital Syringe is ordered by adding the prefix "DS" to the beginning of the syringe part number. For example, to order a digital 701N, 10 µL syringe (part number 80300), part number DS80300 should be requested.

### Syringes Figure 1. Digital Syringe Features





### **CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES**

# Chromatography and Analysis Syringes

In the late 1940's while working in the radiation lab at UC Berkeley, Clark Hamilton developed various devices, including glove box syringes for handling radioactive material. By the early 1960's Clark learned about additional liquid handling needs in the field of gas chromatography during a visit to Perkin-Elmer where he set out and developed the first micro syringe for accurate sample injection into GC instruments. In the early 1960's, two major gas chromatography companies,

F&M Scientific and Wilkens Aerograph, approached Hamilton Company to produce high accuracy syringes for the purpose of introducing exact, small volume injections into their GC systems. F&M Scientific and Wilkens Aerograph later became Agilent and Varian, and Hamilton continues to provide syringes for manual and automated injection into their instruments as well as many other GC and HPLC manufacturers.



# Manual HPLC Syringes

HPLC syringes are equipped with a point style 3 needle to fit HPLC injection valve seats without damaging the rotor seal.



Manual HPLC Syringes

P. 30

# HPLC Autosampler Syringes

A wide variety of syringes are offered to fit most HPLC autosamplers on the market.



**HPLC** Autosampler Syringes

P. 33

# Manual GC Syringes

GC syringes are fitted with a point style 2 or point style AS needle to pierce injection port septa without damage.



Manual GC Syringes

P. 39

# GC Autosampler Syringes

A wide selection of syringes fit most GC autosamplers in the lab.



GC Autosampler Syringes

D 1/1

# Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) Syringes

The needle points on Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) syringes are coated with a PTFE layer to reduce the surface tension between the needle and the liquid for reproducible sample spotting.



Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) Syringes

P. 54

# Carbon Analyzer Syringes

This family of syringes is designed for water analysis in Total Organic Carbon (TOC) analyzers.



Carbon Analyzer Syringes

P. 55

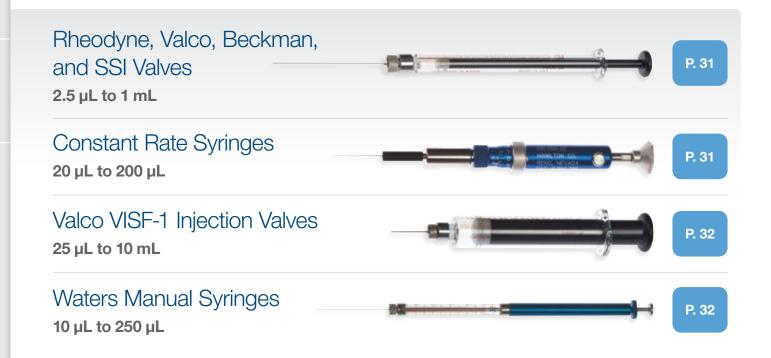




# Manual HPLC Syringes

HPLC syringes are specifically designed for manual or automatic injection into high pressure ports. The needle is blunt and electro-polished to slide smoothly into the injection port, reducing the wear on critical seals. The selection of the appropriate syringe for HPLC applications takes the following three aspects into account: the type of injection valve, the sample properties,

and the injection volume. The volume of the syringe should be selected based on the volume and type of injection. In partial loop filling, the injection volume should not be greater than half of the loop capacity. In complete loop filling, where the loop size sets the injection volume, the syringe capacity should be greater than twice the loop volume.





# Rheodyne, Valco, Beckman, and SSI Valves

Syringes for Rheodyne, Valco, Beckman, and SSI Valves. These syringes are available in Cemented Needle (N), Luer Tip Cemented Needle (LTN), and Removable Needle (RN) terminations. For more details on the terminations see page 12. The needles in this section are 51 mm in length and are point style 3.

# Removable Needle (RN)



P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge
87942	2.5 μL	600	22s ga
87943	5 μL	600	22s ga
80065	10 µL	1700	22s ga
80265	25 μL	1700	22s ga
80965	50 μL	1700	22s ga
81065	100 μL	1700	22s ga
81165	250 μL	1700	22 ga
81265	500 μL	1700	22 ga
81365	1 mL	1000	22 ga

### **Cemented Needle (N)**



	P/N	volume	Series	Gauge
	80365	10 μL	700	22s ga
	80465	25 μL	700	22s ga
	80275	25 μL	1700	22s ga
	80565	50 μL	700	22s ga
	80975	50 μL	1700	22s ga
	80985	50 μL	1700	22 ga
	80665	100 μL	700	22s ga
	81075	100 μL	1700	22s ga
	81085	100 μL	1700	22 ga
	80765	250 μL	700	22 ga
	80865	500 μL	700	22 ga

### **Luer Tip Cemented Needle (LTN)**



P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge
81175	250 μL	1700	22s ga
81185	250 μL	1700	22 ga
81216	500 μL	1700	22 ga

# Constant Rate Syringes

The CR700 Constant Rate Syringes have preset volumes that can be dispensed at a constant flow rate. The volume is adjustable with a precisely adjustable micrometer screw. The adjusted volume can be fixed with a locking ring. Reproducible injection speed is obtained by means of a spring. The sample is delivered by pressing the push button. Constant Rate Syringe needles are 51 mm in length and point style 3.





### CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES | MANUAL HPLC SYRINGES

# Valco VISF-1 Injection Valves

Syringes for Valco VISF-1 Injection Valves. These syringes have the Removable Needle (RN) termination. For more details on the terminations see page 12. The needles in this section are 19 mm in length and are point style 3.





# Waters Manual Syringes

Gastight and Microliter series syringes come with a 25s gauge, 50 mm removable needle to work with the Waters U6K HPLC valve.





Part number 84891 is a kit that consists of a 10, 25, 50, 100, and 250 µL 800 series barrel/plunger assemblies, holder assembly, six-pack (25s/50 mm/3) small hub needles, and six-pack (25s/50 mm/3) large hub needles.

Part number 81610 is a 10 mL TLL syringe used for priming Waters syringes which can be used with 90149 Kel-F Hub Needles or 90049 Metal Hub Needles.



**Point Styles** 

Point 3 Point 4

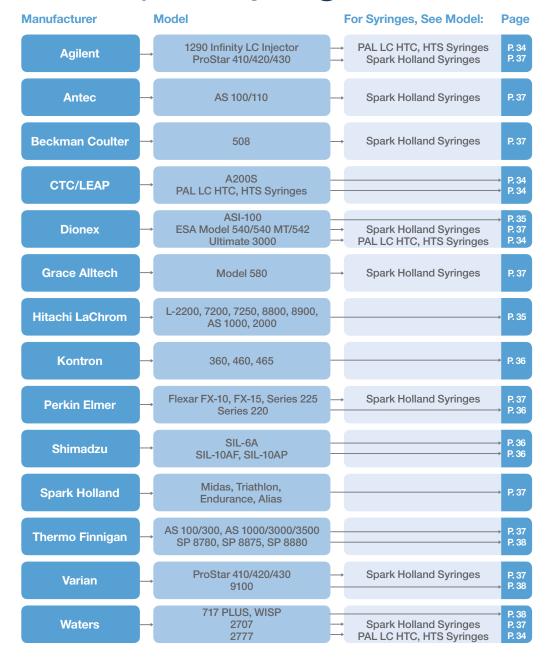
Point 5 Point AS



# HPLC Autosampler Syringes

HPLC autosamplers enable the automatic introduction of samples into the sample loop as well as some sample preparation. Automatic injection has become very common, as it provides improved reproducibility and speed. Hamilton offers a wide range of HPLC autosampler syringes.

The features of the autosampler syringes are adapted for an exact fit to a specific autosampler.

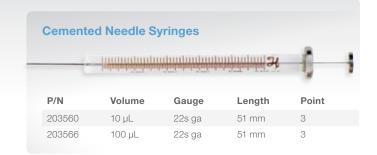




### CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES | HPLC AUTOSAMPLER SYRINGES

# **CTC LEAP Syringes**

A200S

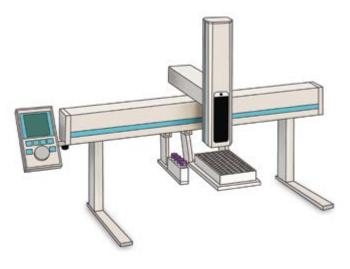


# CTC PAL Syringes

### PAL LC HTC, HTS

CTC PAL® autosamplers are one of the most popular sample injection systems for HPLC analyses. Customers rely on its ability to sample from many different vial and well types and on its ultimate platform flexibility. The syringe is at the heart of every injection that the LC PAL® system performs, and CTC chose Hamilton to provide this critical component.

This section has syringes for PAL LC instruments. This section also includes syringes for Agilent, Dionex, and Waters as these instruments are a private label for CTC.



### **S-Line Syringes**

S-Line syringes are the cost-effective choice for CTC PAL autosampler applications. It incorporates a precision-machined PTFE plunger tip which creates a leak-free seal. With the tight fit in the glass barrel, the tip wipes the interior of the syringe barrel free of sample, minimizing sample carryover.

### **C-Line Syringes**

C-Line syringes incorporate several unique design features that ensure superior performance. The unique flange alignment design aids in installation and results in fewer bent needles while the plunger button can be adjusted to prevent plunger tip damage. An innovative direct attachment design of the needle to the barrel minimizes sample carryover.

### X-Type Syringes

X-Type syringes have a near zero carryover and a long-lasting plunger tip to meet the requirements of sensitive, high-throughput life science applications. The syringe glass barrel is polished and coated for chemical inertness and enhanced lifetime. The needle is deactivated and coated to reduce sample adsorption.





### CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES | HPLC AUTOSAMPLER SYRINGES

# CTC PAL Syringes (Cont.)

# C-Line Syringes

P/N	Volume	Barrel (O.D.)	Gauge	Point
203073*	10 μL	6.6 mm	22s ga	3
203194	10 μL	6.6 mm	22s ga	3
203274	25 μL	6.6 mm	22s ga	3
203075	25 μL	7.9 mm	22s ga	3
203077	100 µL	6.6 mm	22s ga	3
203235	100 µL	6.6 mm	22 ga	3
203079	250 μL	7.9 mm	22 ga	3
203349	500 μL	7.9 mm	22 ga	3
203081**	1 mL	7.6 mm	22 ga	3
203083**	2.5 mL	9.65 mm	22 ga	3
203085**	5 mL	13.6 mm	22 ga	3

<sup>\*</sup>This syringe is a Microliter Syringe.

### X-Type Syringes



P/N	V	olume	Barrel (O.D.)	Gauge	Point
2044	475 2	5 μL	7.9 mm	22s ga	3
2040	379 5	0 μL	7.9 mm	22s ga	3
2044	452 10	00 μL	6.6 mm	22s ga	3
2044	400 10	00 μL	6.6 mm	22 ga	3
2026	668* 10	00 μL	6.6 mm		

<sup>\*</sup> This part number is a Removable Needle (RN) termination.

# Dionex Gina Syringes

**ASI-100** 



### Removable Needle (RN)



P/N	Volume
7654-01 (no needle included)	25 μL
7657-01 (no needle included)	250 μL

# Hitachi LaChrom Syringes

L-2200, L-7200, L-7250, L-8800, L-8900, AS1000, AS2000



# Special Termination P/N Volume

 $500~\mu L$ 



0160310

<sup>\*\*</sup>These syringes are a Luer Tip Cemented Needle (LTN) termination.

### CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES | HPLC AUTOSAMPLER SYRINGES

# Kontron HPLC Syringes





360, 460, 465

# Perkin Elmer Syringes

**SERIES 220** 





# Shimadzu Syringes

SIL-6A

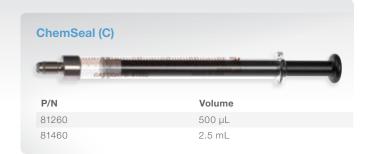




# Shimadzu Syringes

SIL-10AF, SIL-10AP







#### Spark Holland Syringes

This section has syringes for Spark Holland instruments. This section also includes syringes for Agilent, Antec, Beckman, Dionex, Grace Alltech, Perkin Elemer, Varian, and Waters as these instruments are a private label for Spark Holland.











Midas

Triathlon

Endurance

#### Thermo Finnigan Syringes

AS100/300, AS1000/3000/3500



#### ChemSeal (C)

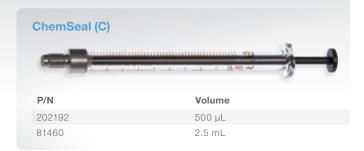




#### Thermo Finnigan Syringes

SP 8780, SP 8875, SP 8880





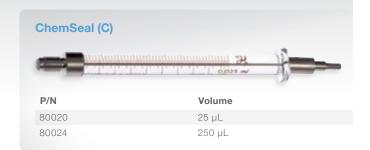
# Varian Syringes



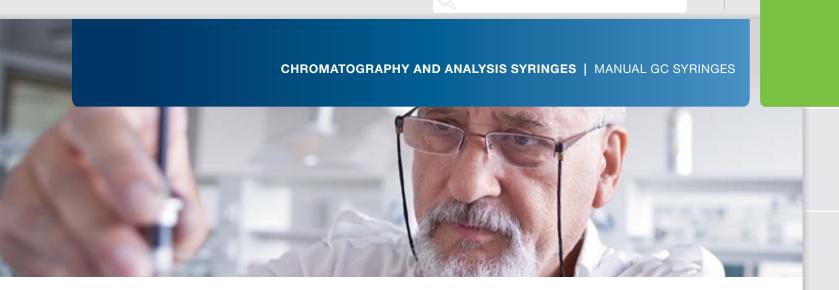


# Waters Syringes 717 PLUS, WISP









# Manual GC Syringes

Hamilton provides a variety of syringes that are designed for use with manual GC injection ports. Our syringes are handmade with an unmatched attention to detail. The manufacturing process and quality assurance procedures ensure that every syringe we sell will provide superior

accuracy and precision as well as cycle life. The non-coring, point style 2 needles are ideal for penetrating septa while maximizing the life of the seal. Choose the sub category that is associated with your injection method to find the appropriate syringe for your application.





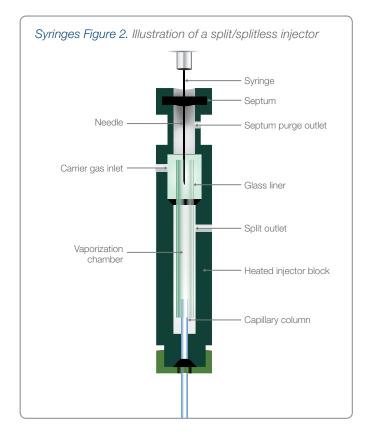
#### CHROMATOGRAPHY AND ANALYSIS SYRINGES | MANUAL GC SYRINGES

#### Standard Injection

A split/splitless injector consists of a heated chamber with a glass liner into which the sample is injected through the septum. A microsyringe is used to inject the sample through a rubber septum into a flash vaporizer chamber at the head of the column. The sample vaporizes to form a mixture of carrier gas, vaporized solvent, and vaporized analytes. In the split mode, only a proportion of this mixture reaches the column, while most sample exits through the split outlet. This avoids overloading the column. In the splitless mode, the split vent is closed so that the vaporized analyte passes onto the column. This mode is more sensitive and adequate for trace analysis.

#### Common syringe features for split/splitless injection include:

- Microliter syringes for liquid samples and Gastight syringes for gas and liquid samples
- Common volume range from 0.5 μL to 50 μL
- Needle with point style 2 to pierce the rubber septum
- Needle length of 51 mm to reach the middle of the glass liner. Splitless injection of small volumes may be performed with a 70 mm needle to deliver the sample close to the column entrance.





Removable Needle (RN)

#### Standard Injection (Cont.)

# Knurled Hub (KH)

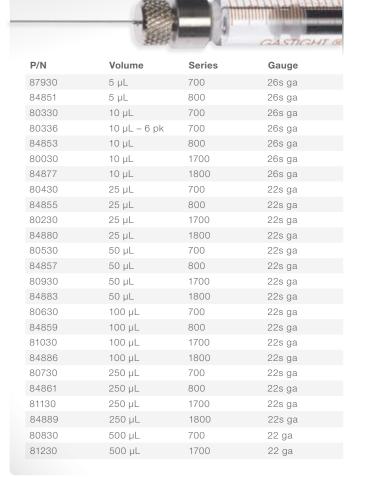
P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge	
86259	0.5 μL	7000	25 ga	
86211	1 μL	7000	22 ga	
80135	1 μL	7000	25 ga	
88511	2 μL	7000	23 ga	
88411	2 μL	7000	25 ga	
88011	5 μL	7000	24 ga	
N / - 4 T/	-11- 1 41- 4 41			

Note: The needle length for these syringes is 70 mm.



P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge
87900	5 μL	700	26s ga
84850	5 μL	800	26s ga
80300	10 μL	700	26s ga
80366	10 μL – 6 pk	700	26s ga
84852	10 μL	800	26s ga
80000	10 μL	1700	26s ga
84875	10 μL	1800	26s ga
80400	25 μL	700	22s ga
84854	25 μL	800	22s ga
80200	25 μL	1700	22s ga
84878	25 μL	1800	22s ga
80500	50 μL	700	22s ga
84856	50 μL	800	22s ga
80900	50 μL	1700	22s ga
84881	50 μL	1800	22s ga
80600	100 μL	700	22s ga
84858	100 μL	800	22s ga
81000	100 μL	1700	22s ga
84884	100 μL	1800	22s ga
80700	250 μL	700	22s ga
84887	250 μL	1800	22s ga
80800	500 μL	700	22 ga







#### Purge and Trap Syringes

These syringes are ideal for purge and trap applications because the plunger can be easily removed to load water samples into the syringe barrel. Internal standard or a surrogate spike can be added through the twist valve with a 10 µL syringe. The sample syringe can also be connected directly to the purge and trap valve via the integral male luer fitting.

Hamilton 5 mL and 25 mL Purge and Trap syringes were designed for the analysis of drinking water samples according to EPA purge and trap concentration techniques (see EPA methods 502.1, 502.2, 503.1, 524.1, and 524.2).

#### **Special Termination**

P/N	Volume
81570	5 mL
82570	25 mL

Note: These syringes work with valve part number 86789.



#### SampleLock Syringes

The Hamilton SampleLock syringes allow the collection, storage, transportation, and analysis of liquid or gaseous samples without the danger of evaporative loss or environmental contamination. Syringes are available in sizes ranging from 50 µL to 100 mL. An easy-to-use twist valve and a positive rear stop on SampleLock prevents loss of sample and plunger blowout. Optional male luer and female luer lock adapter threads on the SampleLock valve making the syringes compatible with a multitude of connectors and fittings. These adapters may be found on page 73. The needles in this section are 51 mm in length and are point style 2.





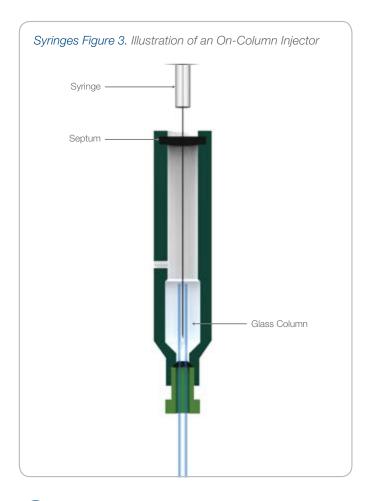
Point 3 Point 4

Point 5 Point AS

# On-Column Injection Syringes

On-column injection employs the direct introduction of the liquid sample into the column. This is very useful for the analysis of thermally unstable samples and avoids boiling point discrimination. On-column injection uses point style 3 syringes with the following features:

- Small outer diameter needles adjusted to the inner diameter of the column (0.17 mm needle for columns with 0.25 mm inner diameter, 32 gauge for columns with 0.32 mm inner diameter, and 26 gauge for columns with a 0.53 mm inner diameter)
- Longer needles tailored to pass through the injector and reach within the capillary column
- Point style 3 adapted to the typical septum of the on-column injector



# Knurled Hub (KH) MCROUTER ™ #7000 P/N Volume Series Gauge Length 86257 0.5 μL 7000 32 ga 100 mm

Cemented	Needle (N)			
		A BAM		dalaha alahaha
		ALLER MAN	MICROLIT	ER 11 #7(
P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge	Length
80351	10 μL	700	32 ga	75 mm

Removable	Needle (RN	1)		
			STIGHT ®	
P/N	Volume	Series	Gauge	Length
80331	10 μL	700	0.17 mm	115 mm
80386*	10 μL	700	32 ga	125 mm
87402	10 μL	700	0.17 mm	100 mm
87404	10 μL	1700	0.17 mm	100 mm
87405	10 μL	1800	0.17 mm	100 mm
*This is a poin	nt style 2 needi	le.		



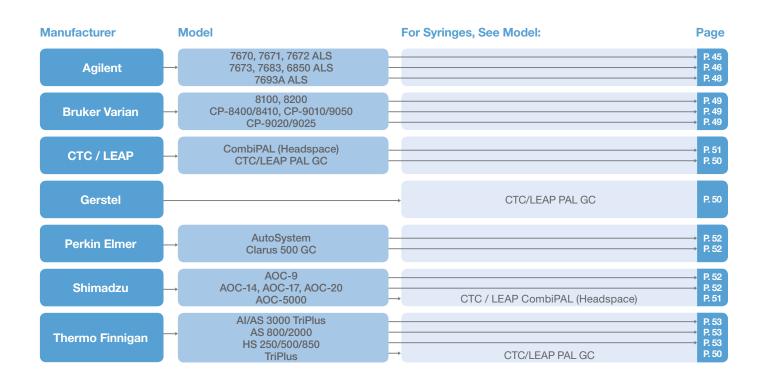




# GC Autosampler Syringes

Autosamplers enable the automatic introduction of samples into the injector of the gas chromatograph (GC). Automatic injection has become very common as it improves reproducibility and speed.

Hamilton offers a wide range of autosampler syringes. The features of the autosampler syringes are adapted for an exact fit to a specific autosampler. The point style AS (for autosampler) has been specifically designed to withstand repeated penetration through the GC septa. Syringes for headspace injection usually have a point style 5, which is ideal for large gas volume injection.



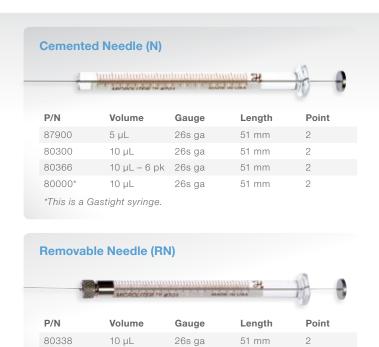


#### Agilent Syringes

#### 7670, 7671, 7672 ALS

Hamilton maintains a large variety of replacement syringes for the most popular gas chromatography (GC) autosamplers, including the Agilent Automatic Liquid Sampler (ALS) instrument.

Hamilton has designed a series of syringes specifically for Agilent ALS autosamplers that meets the instruments' requirements for dimensional accuracy, needle length, needle gauge, needle tip, and overall lifetime. Every Agilent syringe produced by Hamilton undergoes quality control procedures that ensure they meet the strictest standards for accuracy, precision, and product life cycle.



26s ga

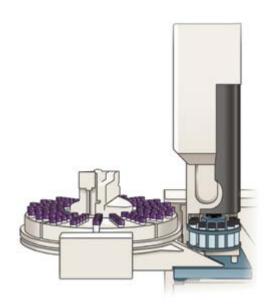
\*This is a Gastight syringe.



#### Agilent Syringes

#### 7673, 7683, 6850 ALS

The Agilent 7683 series automatic liquid sampler raises the standard for gas chromatography (GC) system performance and reliability. This is the automatic sampler to have for accuracy and ease of use, superior reproducibility with minimal rework, easy accommodation to changing needs, optimum injection flexibility, and enduring reliability.



Special Termination				
ANCEOUTER #7000 5				
P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point
86274	0.5 μL	26 ga	43 mm	AS
86276	0.5 μL	23 ga	43 mm	AS
80175	1 µL	26 ga	43 mm	AS
80176	1 μL	23 ga	43 mm	AS

# **Cemented Needle (N)**

P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point
87992	5 μL	26s ga	43 mm	2
87988	5 μL	26s ga	43 mm	AS
87989	5 μL – 6 pk	26s ga	43 mm	AS
87991	5 μL	23s ga	43 mm	2
87987	5 μL	23s ga	43 mm	AS
87990	5 μL – 6 pk	23s ga	43 mm	AS
87993	5 μL	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS
87994	5 μL – 6 pk	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS
80399	10 μL	26s ga	43 mm	2
80388	10 μL	26s ga	43 mm	AS
80389	10 μL – 6 pk	26s ga	43 mm	AS
80398	10 μL	23s ga	43 mm	2
80387	10 μL	23s ga	43 mm	AS
80390	10 μL – 6 pk	23s ga	43 mm	AS
80080*	10 μL	23s ga	43 mm	AS
80094*	10 μL – 6 pk	23s ga	43 mm	AS
80393	10 μL	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS
80391	10 μL – 6 pk	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS
80079*	10 μL	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS
80096*	10 μL – 6 pk	23s - 26s ga	43 mm	AS

<sup>\*</sup>These are Gastight syringes.

#### Removable Needle (RN)



<sup>\*</sup>These are Gastight syringes.

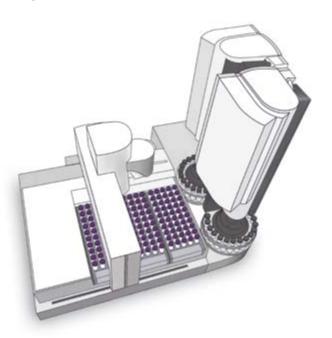
#### **Choosing the Appropriate Agilent Needle Needle Gauges** ■ Merlin Microseal<sup>™</sup> septum 23s (0.64 mm) and standard septum-equipped 23s Gauge Needle Syringes gas chromatographs Packed column injector ports Split/splitless injector ports 26s (0.47 mm) On-Column injector ports 26s Gauge Needle Syringes Split/splitless injector ports Durability of a 23s gauge needle 26s 23s – 26s (Tapered) Gauge Needle Syringes Ability of a 26s gauge needle to perform split/splitless and on-column injections



#### Agilent Syringes

#### **7693A ALS**

The 7693A builds on the proven Agilent Autosampler technologies that have worked reliably for customers in the past, including dual simultaneous injection and patented fast injection. The 7693A takes it one step further, adding basic sample preparation capabilities such as dilution, internal standard addition, heating, and more.



#### **Special Termination** P/N Volume Gauge Length Point 86274 0.5 μL 43 mm AS 26 ga AS 86276 0.5 µL 23 ga 43 mm AS 80176 1 μL 23 ga 43 mm

#### **Cemented Needle (N)** P/N Volume Gauge Length Point 87988 5 μL 26s ga AS 43 mm 87989 5 μL – 6 pk 26s ga 43 mm 87987 5 μL 23s ga 43 mm AS 5 μL – 6 pk 23s ga 87990 43 mm AS 87993 AS 5 μL 23s - 26s ga 43 mm

87994 5 μL – 6 pk 23s - 26s ga 43 mm AS 80388 10 μL 26s ga 43 mm 80389 10 μL - 6 pk 26s ga AS 43 mm 80387 10 μL 23s ga 43 mm AS 80390 10 μL – 6 pk 43 mm AS 80080\* 10 μL AS 23s ga 43 mm 80094\* 10 μL - 6 pk 23s ga 43 mm AS 23s - 26s ga 80393 10 μL 43 mm AS 80391 10 μL - 6 pk 23s - 26s ga 43 mm AS 80079\* 23s - 26s ga 43 mm AS 80096\* 10 μL - 6 pk 23s - 26s ga 43 mm AS \*These are Gastight syringes.

#### Removable Needle (RN) P/N Volume Point Gauge Length 87958 5 μL 26s ga 43 mm AS 87957 5 μL 23s ga 43 mm AS 23s - 26s ga AS 87959 5 μL 43 mm 10 μL AS 80358 26s ga 43 mm 80088\* 10 μL 26s ga 43 mm AS

23s ga

23s ga

23s - 26s ga

23s - 26s ga

43 mm

43 mm

43 mm

43 mm

\*These are Gastight syringes.

80087\*

80359

80089\*

10 μL

10 μL

10 uL

10 μL



AS

AS

#### Bruker Varian Syringes

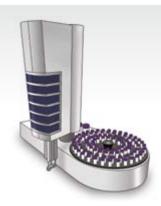
8100, 8200





#### Bruker Varian Syringes

CP-8400/8410, CP-9010/9050



2 1111	dundustantas		R WILL	10
				130
P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point
80300	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	2
80339	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	5
80342	10 μL	23s ga	51 mm	AS
	10 μL	26s ga	51 mm	2

#### Bruker Varian Syringes

CP-9020/9025

#### **Luer Tip Cemented Needle (LTN)**





#### CTC / LEAP PAL GC Syringes

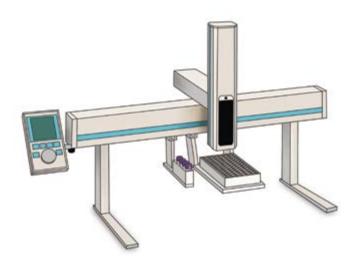
CTC PAL® autosamplers are one of the most popular sampling devices on the market today for GC and headspace analyses. Customers rely on its ability to sample from many different vial and well types and on its ultimate platform flexibility. The syringe is at the heart of every injection that the GC PAL® system performs, and CTC chose Hamilton to provide this critical component.

#### **S-Line Syringes**

S-Line syringes are the cost-effective choice for CTC PAL autosampler applications. S-Line syringes deliver great performance in everyday use for GC injections at an exceptional value. Fast injection speeds in GC analyses put considerable stress on syringe plungers and, as plungers wear the stresses increase, leading to broken syringes and unnecessary downtime and wasted money when samples cannot be analyzed.

#### **C-Line Syringes**

C-Line syringes incorporate several unique design features that ensure superior performance. The unique flange alignment design aids in installation and results in fewer bent needles while the plunger button can be adjusted to prevent plunger tip damage. An innovative direct attachment design of the needle to the barrel minimizes sample carryover.



#### **S-Line Syringe** P/N Barrel (O.D.) Volume Gauge Point 67436-01 5 μL 6.6 mm 26s ga AS 67438-01 10 μL 6.6 mm 26s ga 67440-01 AS 10 μL 6.6 mm 23s ga 10 μL 67454-01\* 6.6 mm 23s ga AS 67430-01\* 25 µL 7.9 mm 23 ga AS 67434-01\* \*These are Gastight syringes.

C-Line Syri	nuteatunin	atanahatankan	si II	
P/N	Volume	Barrel (O.D.)	Gauge	Point
203185	1.2 µL	6.6 mm	26 ga	AS
203189	5 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
203197	5 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
203205	10 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
202262	10	6 6 mm	020.00	0

	203103	1.2 µL	0.0 111111	20 ya	Ao
	203189	5 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
	203197	5 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
	203205	10 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
	203363	10 μL	6.6 mm	23s ga	2
	203361	10 μL	6.6 mm	23s ga	AS
	203362	10 μL	6.6 mm	23s - 26s ga	AS
	203198	10 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
	203206*	10 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
	200740**	10 μL	6.6 mm	32 ga	4 at 45°
	200742***	10 μL	6.6 mm	32 ga	4 at 45°
	203074*	25 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
	203043*	25 μL	7.9 mm	26s ga	AS
	203209*	25 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
	203076*	100 μL	6.6 mm	26s ga	AS
	203226*	100 μL	6.6 mm	Custom	Custom
	203078*	250 μL	7.9 mm	26 ga	AS
	203219*	250 μL	7.9 mm	Custom	Custom
	203080*	500 μL	7.9 mm	26 ga	AS
	203225*	500 μL	7.9 mm	Custom	Custom

<sup>\*</sup>These are Gastight syringes.



<sup>\*\*</sup>This part number is 85 mm in length.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>This part number is 75 mm in length.

# CTC / LEAP CombiPAL (Headspace) Syringes



#### HD-Type and HDHT-Type Syringes

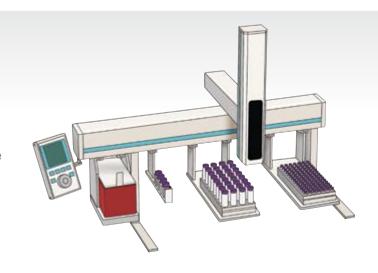
Modern GC headspace analysis requires injecting over large temperature ranges. Conventional head space syringes on the market use a rubber O-ring sealed plunger which has a limited

sealing performance at high temperatures. This is due to varying thermal expansion between the different materials. The high dynamic HD-Type syringe and HDHT-Type syringes employ a unique spring in the plunger tip which compensates for the materials' different expansion coefficients, creating a superior seal over a larger temperature range, improving syringe lifetime.



#### **HDHT-Type Syringes**

A cement-free connection between the needle and the glass barrel make HDHT-Type syringes a perfect choice for applications where temperatures up to 200 °C will be used.



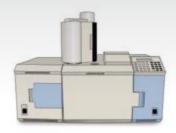
#### **HD-Type Syringes (110 °C)** P/N Volume Gauge Point 203141 1 mL 26 ga 203082 1 mL 23 ga 5 203181 2.5 mL 26 ga 203084 23 ga 203182 5 mL 26 ga 203086 5 mL 23 ga

#### **HDHT-Type Syringes (200 °C)**





#### Perkin Elmer AutoSystem and Clarus Syringes





500 GC

#### Shimadzu Syringes

AOC-9



#### Shimadzu Syringes

AOC-14, AOC-17, AOC-20







#### Thermo Finnigan Syringes

AI/AS 3000 TRIPLUS





#### Thermo Finnigan Syringes

AS 800/2000





#### Thermo Finnigan Syringes

HS 250, 500, 850

#### **Luer Tip Cemented Needle**







# Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) Syringes

The first 19 mm of a Thin-Layer Chromatography needle is coated with PTFE. The coating reduces the surface tension between the needle and the liquid, making it ideal for reproducible sample

spotting. The TLC syringe is available as a cemented needle (SNTLC) or as a replacement needle to be installed into a standard removable needle (RN) syringe.









## Carbon Analyzer Syringes

These syringes are used for water analysis with Total Organic Carbon (TOC) analyzers. TOC syringes feature a unique termination that has a male, luer tapered hub that is cemented on the syringe barrel.

This special termination is designed to fit precisely into the inlet of a TOC analyzer. The wetted parts are stainless steel and borosilicate glass. The plungers and barrels are not interchangeable or replaceable.

Special T	ermination			(T)	
			THE PARTY OF	1	-
P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point	
80550	50 μL	24 ga	51 mm	3	
80551	50 μL	26 ga	64 mm	3	
80660	100 μL	24 ga	51 mm	3	
80770	250 μL	24 ga	51 mm	3	



#### LIFE SCIENCE SYRINGES

# Life Science Syringes

Hamilton Company offers a wide variety of syringes for life science applications. From gel-loading syringes to custom needles and specialized syringes for animal injections, Hamilton has a solution for many precision liquid handling applications.



#### Neuros Syringes

Designed specifically for lab animal neuroscience injections. Neuros precisely delivers sample to the target with minimal damage.



#### Syringes Connected to:

A variety of different connections are available for connecting small gauge needles, glass capillaries, and PEEK tubing to Hamilton small hub removable needle syringes.



Neuros Syringes

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Syringes Connected to:

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#### Specialty Syringes

Specialty syringes include Threaded Plunger Syringes, Gel-Loading Syringes, and Micro Pipetting Syringes



**Specialty Syringes** 

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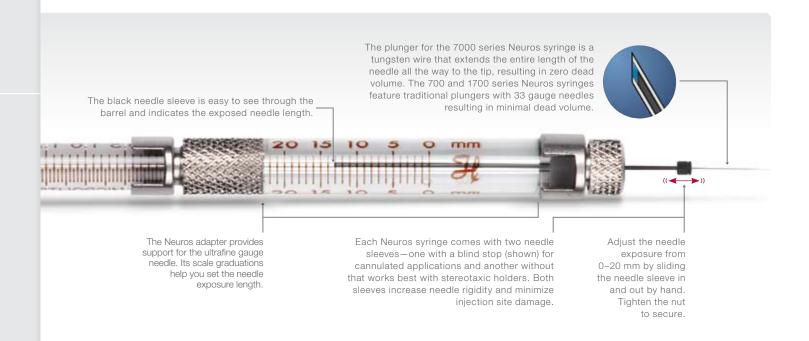


## Neuros Syringes

Hamilton Neuros syringe technology provides unprecedented functionality for controlled animal injections. The Neuros accurately dispenses volumes between 50 nL and 100 µL through an ultrafine needle. Developed specifically for neuroscience applications, the Neuros enables the delivery of microvolumes to an exact location while minimizing injection site damage. Neuros syringes come with two types of protective needle sleeves. The sleeve with a blind stop is perfect for cannulated applications and ensures targeted

administration with an adjustable penetration depth. The version without a blind stop works best with stereotaxic holders. Both models provide an adjustable needle exposure of 0 to 20 mm.

- Needle rigidity improves insertion path accuracy
- Minimal tissue damage reduces injection variability
- Reduced sample loss saves money and materials
- A fine gauge needle creates smaller injection sites
- Compatibility with most infusion pumps and stereotaxic holders means an easy integration into existing processes





#### LIFE SCIENCE SYRINGES | NEUROS SYRINGES

#### **Neuros Syringe Assemblies**

P/N	Volume	Gauge	Point	Series
65457-01	0.5 μL	32 ga	3	7000
65457-02	0.5 μL	32 ga	4	7000
65458-01	1.0 µL	32 ga	3	7000
65458-02	1.0 µL	32 ga	4	7000
65459-01	2.0 μL	30 ga	3	7000
65459-02	2.0 μL	30 ga	4	7000
65460-02	5 μL	33 ga	3	700
65460-03	5 μL	33 ga	4	700
65460-05	10 μL	33 ga	3	1700
65460-06	10 μL	33 ga	4	1700
65460-10	25 μL	33 ga	3	1700
65460-11	25 μL	33 ga	4	1700
65460-15	50 μL	33 ga	3	1700
65460-16	50 μL	33 ga	4	1700
65460-20	100 μL	33 ga	3	1700
65460-21	100 μL	33 ga	4	1700

#### **Neuros Replacement Parts**

P/N	Volume	Gauge	Point
65461-01	Needle 5 – 100 μL – 6pk	33 ga	3
65461-02	Needle 5 – 100 μL – 6pk	33 ga	4
65460-01	Adapter Kit for 5 – 100 μL RN syringes	33 ga	3
65460-04	Adapter Kit for 5 – 100 µL RN syringes	33 ga	4



**Point Styles** 

LIFE SCIENCE SYRINGES | SYRINGES CONNECTED TO:



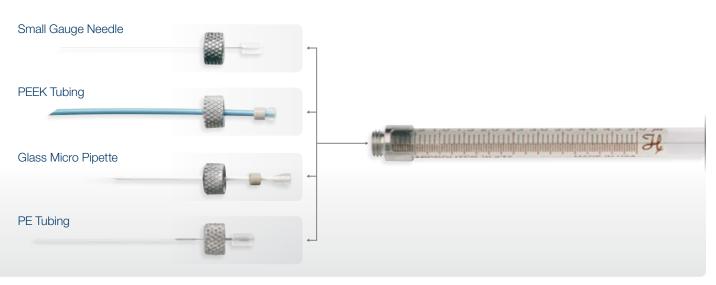
### Syringes Connected to:

#### Small Gauge Needles, Glass Micro Pipettes, PE Tubing, and PEEK Tubing

Life science applications often require connection of syringes to a variety of different needle and tubing options. The accessories in this section enable a robust and low dead volume connection to any RN syringe 100  $\mu$ L and smaller.

#### **Adapters**

#### **Syringe with Small RN Termination**



#### **Priming Your Tubing**

Connecting a small volume syringe to tubing adds dead volume and makes the system difficult to prime. In these cases remove the plunger and use the priming kit to load buffer or mineral oil through the back of the syringe. Visit page 63 for more information on Priming Kits.





#### Removeable Needle Syringes Without Needle

These syringes have a robust, low dead volume connection that can be used with all the needle and tubing connectors in this section.



P/N	Volume	Series
7632-01	2.5 μL	600
7633-01	5 μL	600
7634-01	5 μL	700
7635-01	10 μL	700
7653-01	10 μL	1700
7636-01	25 μL	700
7654-01	25 μL	1700
7637-01	50 μL	700
7655-01	50 μL	1700
7638-01	100 μL	700
7656-01	100 μL	1700

#### Convert 7000 Series to Small RN Hub

For ultra-low dispense volumes the 7000 series syringes can be adapted to a removable needle termination using the adapters below.



#### **Knurled Hub Syringes**

P/N	Volume	Series
86250	0.5 μL	7000
80100	1.0 μL	7000
88400	2.0 μL	7000



#### LIFE SCIENCE SYRINGES | SYRINGES CONNECTED TO:

#### Small Gauge Needles

Fine gauge needles are used for animal injections to limit tissue damage and sample loss. Removable needles have minimal dead volume and for this reason are recommended over a luer or luer lock connection. These needles are compatible with RN syringes 100 µL and smaller. At the time of ordering specify the desired length and point style.



Small Hub Removable Needles					
P/N	Gauge	Length	Point		
207434	34 ga	10, 13, 25, or 38 mm	3 or 4		
7803-05	33 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-04	32 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-03	31 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-07	30 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-06	29 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-02	28 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7803-01	27 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-04	26s ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-03	26 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-10	25s ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-05	25 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-08	24 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-09	23s ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-07	23 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-02	22s ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		
7804-01	22 ga	10 – 304 mm	2, 3, or 4		

#### Glass Micro Pipettes

Glass micro pipettes are widely used in neuroscience because the point can be pulled to an incredibly small diameter and maintain the rigidity to penetrate tissue. Additionally, the dispense orifice exits from the very tip of the needle so the wound track can be minimized.



The 1 mm RN compression fitting allows for quick connection to standard 1 mm capillary glass. Pull your own needle and attach it to an RN syringe without wax or glue.

#### PE Tubing

Polyethylene (PE) tubing is frequently used for lab animal applications. Connect PE tubing to a syringe by pressing the tubing onto the tip of a needle. The table shows the needle gauge that is properly sized for a press fit with PE 10, PE 20, and PE 50 tubing.







Point Styles Point 2 Point 3 Point 4 Point 5 Point AS

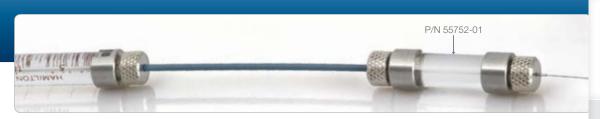
#### PEEK Tubing

Polyether ether ketone (PEEK) tubing is widely used in chromatography for its small dead volume, chemical biocompatibility, and high pressure rating. These features also make it ideal for lab animal applications. Use the compression fitting to connect any 1/16th inch (1.6 mm) outer diameter PEEK tubing to a 100 µL or smaller RN syringe.



#### **Dual RN Coupler**

Connect an RN needle to the end of PEEK tubing with the small RN to RN connector (P/N 55752-01).



Description

Syringe Priming Kit

**Priming Kit** 

P/N

PRMKIT

#### Priming Kit

Connecting glass or plastic tubing to a syringe increases the dead volume and makes priming difficult. This can be overcome by removing the plunger and using the priming kit to load or fill the system from the back. The kit contains one 250  $\mu$ L syringe (P/N 81120), one six-pack of 30 gauge needles (P/N 90030), and one pack of 25 septa (P/N 75826).







## Specialty Syringes

#### Threaded Plunger Syringes

Threaded Plunger Syringes are used for precise manual positioning of the plunger. Rotation of the plunger aspirates or dispenses a defined volume of liquid. The Luer Tip connection is compatible with Kel-F Hub needles, tubing, and fittings.

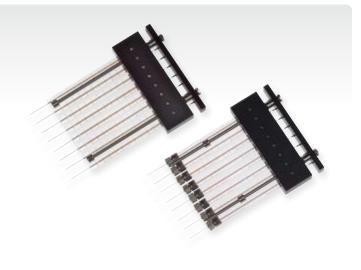
Threaded Plunger Syringes			
P/N	Volume	Plunger Type	μL/Revolution
80266	25 μL	Sleeve Type	0.33 μL
81041	100 μL	Sleeve Type	1.32 μL
81242	500 μL	Threaded Plunger	6.62 µL
81341	1 mL	Threaded Plunger	13.23 μL
81441	2.5 mL	Threaded Plunger	37.79 μL





#### Gel-Loading Syringes

Multi-Channel Gel-Loading Syringes (GLS) are designed for multiplex DNA sequencing methodologies. Rapidly transfer 1, 8, or 12 samples to sequencing gels, 96-well plates, or nylon membranes. The fixed, 25 mm long, blunt needles are spaced 9 mm apart and are available with three needle outer diameters for optimized sample transfers. The adjustable volume stop allows faster, more accurate reloading and excellent reproducibility.





#### LIFE SCIENCE SYRINGES | SPECIALTY SYRINGES

#### Gel-Loading Syringes (Cont.)





#### Adjustable Gel-Loading Syringes

Adjustable, Multi-Channel Gel-Loading Syringes (GLS) simplify and speed sample loading of 96-lane gels. They are compatible with a 96-lane ABI 377 DNA sequencing instrument. These syringes have an easy-to-use design for adjustment of needle spacing from 9 mm to 10.8 mm.





#### Micro Syringe Pipette

Disposable tip pipetting for samples that are not compatible with traditional polypropylene pipette tips. The sample only wets the disposable PTFE tip, eliminating sample cross-contamination. The spring-loaded plunger and adjustable stops ensure excellent reproducibility of volumes from 0.2  $\mu$ L to 3  $\mu$ L. The 19 mm electro-tapered needle enables easy attachment of the PTFE tips.

Micro Pipette and Tips			
Description			
0.2 – 3 μL, Model 701 N Micro Syringe Pipette			
Disposable PTFE Tip - 100 pk			



# Syringe and Cleaning Accessories

Hamilton manufactures a variety of syringe accessories to improve or modify the functionality of a standard syringe. We offer tools to prevent plunger bending, to increase reproducibility, and to clean the syringe for a prolonged lifetime.



#### Plunger Support Accessories

For applications requiring additional plunger support and reproducibility, Hamilton manufactures several syringe series with reinforced plungers as well as plunger support accessories that are mounted to standard syringe series.



#### Syringe and Needle Cleaning

Proper care and maintenance is critical for attaining maximum syringe life. Hamilton offers a variety of tools including needle cleaning wires, cleaning solutions, and storage racks.



**Plunger Support Accessories** 

P. 68

Syringe and Needle Cleaning

P. 71

#### Syringe Termination Adapters

Adapt the end of a removable needle syringe to a Luer or Luer Lock connection or add a septum or sample lock valve to a Luer or Luer Lock Syringe.



Syringe Termination Adapters

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#### PB-600 Repeating Dispenser

This syringe accessory is used for precise aliquot dispensing from syringes between 10  $\mu$ L to 2.5 mL.



PB-600 Repeating Dispenser

2. 75





# Plunger Support Accessories

Small plunger diameters and rapid dispense speeds occasionally lead to misalignment and bent plungers. Hamilton offers several syringe series and accessories to address plunger bending and improve syringe life.





#### Reproducibility (Chaney) Adapters

The Hamilton Reproducibility (Chaney) Adapter assures repetitive and identical syringe plunger location. Once the stop rod is adjusted to the desired fill volume the plunger can be repeatedly positioned without continuously reading the graduations.



# Reproducibility (Chaney) Adapters P/N Volume Series 14700 5 - 10 μL 700/1700 14725 25 - 500 μL 700/1700 32146 5 - 250 μL 800/1800

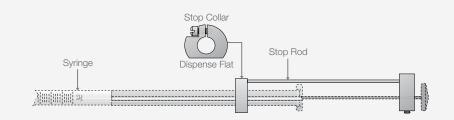
#### Syringes Figure 4. 700/1700/7000 Series

Loosen the set screw and adjust the Stop Rod until it hits the Stop Button at the desired volume. Press the Stop Button to engage the stop, then release to dispense.



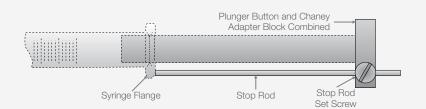
#### Syringes Figure 5. 800/1800 Series

Adjust the Stop Collar until the Stop Rod hits at the desired volume. To dispense, rotate the plunger so the Stop Rod travels past the Dispense Flat



#### Syringes Figure 6. 1000 Series

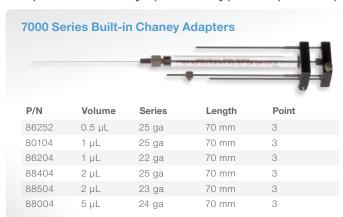
Adjust the Stop Rod until it hits the Syringe Flange at the desired volume. To dispense, rotate the plunger so the Stop Rod travels past the dispense flat in the flange.





#### SYRINGE AND CLEANING ACCESSORIES | PLUNGER SUPPORT ACCESSORIES

#### Reproducibility (Chaney) Adapters (Cont.)





#### Syringe Guides

The Syringe Guide is a cost effective way to prevent plunger damage during normal syringe operation. The guide is compatible with 700 and 1700 series syringes. It is also compatible with 7000 series syringes but requires the delicate removal and reinsertion of the plunger wire. For this reason the most popular 7000 series syringes can be ordered preassembled with the proper guide.







#### SYRINGE AND CLEANING ACCESSORIES | SYRINGE AND NEEDLE CLEANING



# Syringe Storage and Cleaning

#### Syringe Rack

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#### Needle Cleaning

P. 72

#### Syringe Rack

The brushed stainless steel Syringe Rack stores up to five 700, 1700, or 7000 series syringes. The rack keeps your syringes from making contact with other syringes and minimizes the risk of sample contamination. Prevent breakage on the benchtop or save space by mounting to the wall.

#### Syringe Rack

P/N Description
204880 5-Position Syringe Rack





#### SYRINGE AND CLEANING ACCESSORIES | SYRINGE AND NEEDLE CLEANING

#### Needle Cleaning

To clean syringes it is best to use a solvent known to be effective in solvating. Ideally the solvent would be non-alkaline, non-phosphate, and non-detergent based. Hamilton offers a biodegradable, non-phosphate, cleaning concentrate that is suitable for many common sample types.

For some needle obstructions, mechanical cleaning may be necessary. For this purpose Hamilton provides various sized tungsten cleaning wires that can be threaded through the needle to clear a blockage.



#### **Needle Cleaning Kit**

P/N	volume
76620A	Kit includes 10 of each wire and 70 mL of concentrate

#### **Cleaning Concentrate**

P/N	Volume
18311	500 mL
18310	70 mL

#### **Tungsten Cleaning Wires**

	P/N	For Gauges	Wire OD	Package
	18304	22, 23 ga, and larger	0.306 mm	10 pk
	18303	24 – 26 ga	0.207 mm	10 pk
	18302	27 ga	0.167 mm	10 pk
	18301	22s, 25s, and 28 - 30 ga	0.126 mm	10 pk
	18300	26s and 31 - 33 ga	0.089 mm	10 pk
	18306	23s ga	0.076 mm	10 pk

See "Syringe Care and Use" in the technical reference section for cleaning tips on page 77.





# Syringe Termination Adapters



**RN to Luer Adapters** 

**Description**Female Luer Lock

## Removable Needle to Luer Adapters

These adapters convert a Hamilton specific termination to an industry standard luer connection. They are compatible with SampleLock (SL) or Removable Needle (RN) syringes 250 µL and larger. The internal diameter is 1 mm making it possible to spike samples with an internal standard using a 26 gauge needle or smaller.

	33001	Terriale Luck
	35083	Male Luer Lock
	35080	Male Luer
Mal	e Luer Lock	
		THE THE PARTY OF T
	Male I	Luer — GASTIGH
		Female Luer Lock ——



#### SYRINGE AND CLEANING ACCESSORIES | SYRINGE TERMINATION ADAPTERS

## Inert Sampling Valve

The Inert Sampling Valve is a lever-actuated on/off valve used for storing and transporting samples. Connect to a Gastight syringe via the female luer lock, and use the male luer to attach to a needle, adapter, or tubing assembly. The valve is autoclavable with a 1 mm internal diameter and a pressure rating up to 0.7 MPa.

## Inert Gas Sampling Valve P/N Description

MTB Sampling Valve



86580

## Septum Adapter

The Septum Adapter turns any luer syringe into a sealed reaction container. Samples can be added or removed from the sealed container using another syringe to pierce the replaceable septum.



#### Luer Lock Septum Adapter

P/N	Description
31335	Adapter and 12 septa
75810	Replacement Septa 12 pk







# PB-600 Repeating Dispenser

The PB-600 Repeating Dispenser is a low cost high accuracy accessory for repetitive dispensing. Each press of the button dispenses 1/50th of the syringe volume. The repeating dispenser is compatible with the cemented needle (N), removable needle (RN), luer tip (LT), or PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) syringes from 10 µL to 2.5 mL. Syringes are sold separately.



#### **PB-600 Repeating Dispenser**

	P/N	Dispense	Syringe	Series
		0.2 μL	10 μL	1700 Series
		0.5 μL	25 μL	700/1700 Series
		1 μL	50 μL	700/1700 Series
	83700	2 μL	100 μL	700/1700 Series
	83700	5 μL	250 μL	700/1700 Series
		10 μL	500 μL	700/1700 Series
		20 μL	1 mL	1000 Series
		50 μL	2.5 mL	1000 Series

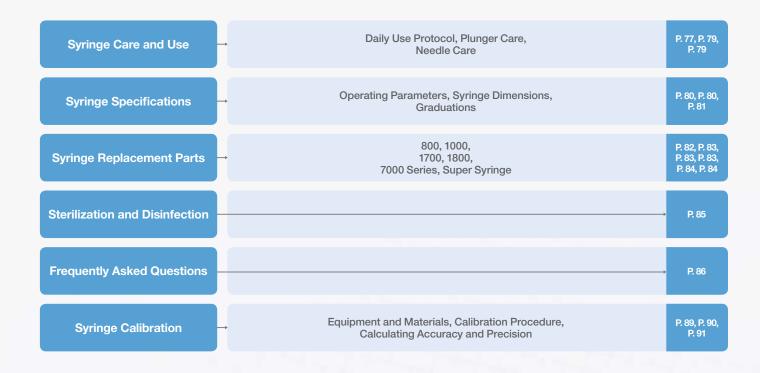


#### SYRINGE TECHNICAL REFERENCES

# Syringe Technical Reference

The Syringe Technical Reference section includes detailed information on the operation, maintenance, and physical properties of most Hamilton syringes. The information is intended

as a general guideline. For specific details on a part number or application search for the part number on our website or contact a local Hamilton representative.







# Syringe Care and Use

Operation of a syringe is relatively straight forward but there are some tips and tricks that will improve the performance and longevity of Hamilton syringes.

This section is dedicated to best practices of operating and maintaining a syringe.

#### Daily Use Protocol

Step-by-step guide to syringe inspection, operation, cleaning, and storage.

P. 77

#### Plunger Care

The dos and don'ts of plunger maintenance.

P. 79

#### **Needle Care**

Tips on needle selection, inspection, and care.

P. 79

## Daily Use Protocol

#### Step 1

#### Inspection

Before each use, thoroughly inspect the syringe for damage such as cracks and dried residue. Check the needle point for burrs from previous experiments. Do not use a needle with burrs. Burrs may tear GC septa leading to sample loss or poor peak shape.



#### Step 2

#### Grip

Avoid variations in liquid measure due to body heat by grasping the syringe flange and plunger as you draw and dispense fluids.



Syringes should be used at a constant temperature. Accuracy and reproducibility specifications are determined at 25 °C.



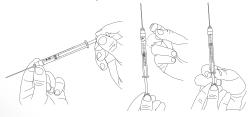
#### SYRINGE TECHNICAL REFERENCES | SYRINGE CARE AND USE

#### Daily Use Protocol (Cont.)

#### Step 3

#### **Priming**

Eliminate compressible trapped air by completely priming the syringe with sample. Immerse the needle point 2 mm to 3 mm into the sample solution. Then rapidly draw and dispense sample into the syringe until bubbles are no longer visible in the syringe barrel. Alternatively, remove air bubbles by turning the barrel upright and allowing the air bubbles to rise to the needle exit. Then dispense both the air bubbles and the sample.



#### Step 4

#### Overfilling

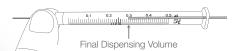
Fill the syringe with a small amount of excess liquid.



#### Step 5

#### **Required Volume**

Slowly dispense the excess sample until only the required volume of sample remains in the syringe. Visually check to see that the syringe scale and sample meniscus are parallel. It is optional to clean the exterior surface of the needle with a lint-free tissue. Avoid wicking sample with the tissue by making sure it does not come in contact with the needle opening.



#### Step 6

#### **Final Dispense**

Dispense the final sample volume into an appropriate vessel.



#### Step 7

#### Cleaning

Rinse the syringe with a cleaning solvent known to solubilize the sample. Then rinse with deionized water, and finally rinse with high purity acetone. Allow time for the acetone to evaporate before storing the syringe. Do not soak or submerge the entire syringe in any cleaning agent.

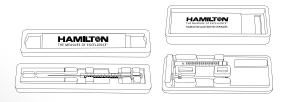
The preferred cleaning agents are non-alkaline, non-phosphate, and non-detergent based. Hamilton offers a biodegradable, non-phosphate, organic Cleaning Solution Concentrate (P/N 18311).



#### Step 8

#### **Storage**

Store the syringe in its original packaging or the Syringe Rack (P/N 204880) to protect against breakage.



#### Step 9

#### **Solvent Compatibility**

The adhesive used to affix needles and hubs to Hamilton Microliter and Gastight syringes is the most chemically resistant available. However, with prolonged exposure, some solvents may attack and deteriorate this highly resistant adhesive. In particular, caution should be exercised with solvents containing halogenated hydrocarbons such as dichloromethane (methylene chloride). For applications using these solvents, Removable Needle (RN) syringes are recommended because no adhesive is present in the fluid path.



## Plunger Care

Plungers are made of solid stock material and push the sample out of the syringe. Hamilton makes two types of plungers. The plungers on Microliter syringes are hand-fitted and are only liquid-tight. The plungers are not replaceable for Microliter syringes except for the 7000 series. The plungers on Gastight syringes have a PTFE tip and are replaceable. The PTFE tip creates a gas-tight fit against the interior of the glass barrel, making these syringes ideal for gases and liquids.

#### **Dry Microliter Syringes**

Always pull liquid into a syringe barrel to wet the interior surface. Avoid unnecessary moving or pumping of the plunger in a dry syringe. Excessive dry pumping increases plunger wear, shortens syringe life expectancy, and may lead to damage beyond repair.

#### **Touching the Plunger**

Avoid touching the plunger with your fingers. Abrasions, scratches, or oil due to handling the plunger with your fingers may interfere with proper plunger operation.

#### **Accidental Plunger Removal**

If the plunger is inadvertently removed from the syringe barrel, wipe it carefully with a lint-free tissue. Reinsert the plunger into the barrel and pump deionized water or acetone through the needle and syringe. In the case of Gastight plungers, dip the PTFE plunger tip into deionized water to re-wet it prior to reinserting the plunger into the barrel.

#### **Binding Plungers**

If the plunger feels like it is binding or rough, it may be soiled or bent. Do not apply force to move a plunger. Too much pressure can irretrievably bend the plunger or crack the syringe glass barrel. Try using an appropriate solvent and wiping with a lint-free cloth.

## **Needle Care**

Use extreme caution in handling needles to avoid bending, contamination, or accidental personal injury. A variety of needle point styles and lengths are offered to meet the requirements of different applications. All Hamilton needles are electro-polished to assure smooth and burr-free products.

#### **Sample Viscosity**

Needles are designed to draw samples of normal viscosity. Samples with higher viscosity may need to be diluted. You may also consider using a needle with a larger inner diameter.

#### **Dead Volume**

Once your sample is dispensed, a small residual amount of sample remains in the needle. The amount of dead volume depends on the needle inner diameter and termination style. For example, with cemented or removal needles, the dead volume is generally less than 1  $\mu$ L for small volume syringes and as much as 6.8  $\mu$ L for large volume syringes.

#### **Needle Bending**

Avoid bending needles by selecting the largest needle outside diameter suitable for your application. Generally, bent needles cannot be straightened adequately for reliable operation.

#### **Needle Burrs and Surface**

Burrs, rough edges at the needle opening, and a rough needle surface can be removed by gently rubbing with a fine emery cloth or fine carborundum paper. Make sure to thoroughly rinse and dry the needle before using.

#### **Clogged Needles**

For a partially clogged needle, flush the syringe with an appropriate solvent to solubilize the clog. For a completely clogged needle, do not attempt to clean by forcing liquid or compressed air through the syringe. Excessive pressure could split the glass barrel.

Alternatively, use the Hamilton Needle Cleaning Kit (P/N 76620A). Start by using the cleaning wires to dislodge any foreign material. Then flush with the Cleaning Solution Concentrate to further dissolve the clog. Once the clog is removed, rinse the syringe and needle thoroughly with deionized water. Wipe the exterior surfaces of the syringe barrel and needle dry with a lint-free tissue. Make sure that there is no residual cleaning agent in the syringe before using or storing the syringe.



#### SYRINGE TECHNICAL REFERENCES | SYRINGE SPECIFICATIONS



# Syringe Specifications

## **Operating Parameters**

Operating temperature and pressure varies based on syringe size, plunger type, and syringe termination. In the table below are the general operating parameters for Hamilton syringes. Part number specific data sheets are available by searching the part number at www.hamiltoncompany.com.

#### **Operating Parameters**

Volume	Series	Pressure	Temperarture
	7000	41 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	600	14 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
0.5 10	700	14 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
0.5 – 10 μL	800	14 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	1700	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	1800	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	700	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C1
25 – 100 μL	800	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
25 – 100 μΕ	1700	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	1800	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	700	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	800	7 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
250 μL – 10 mL	1700	3 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
	1800	3 MPa	10 - 115 °C1
	1000	1 MPa	10 - 115 °C¹
25 – 100 mL	1000	0.7 MPa	10 - 80 °C
0.5 – 2 L	Super Syringe	0.2 MPa	0 - 80 °C
116 41			a ar luar tin aanaantad

'If the syringe termination is a cemented needle or luer tip cemented needle then the maximum temperature is 50 °C.

## Syringe Dimensions

Most Hamilton syringes are standardized to a 60 mm plunger stroke length, and where possible, the same barrel outer diameter is used. For each syringe volume the inner diameter will change to accommodate the desired dispense volume.

#### **Syringe Dimensions**

Volume	Barrel OD	Barrel ID	Stroke Length
0.5 μL	7.8 mm	0.104 mm*	60 mm
1.0 μL	7.8 mm	0.145 mm*	60 mm
2.0 μL	7.8 mm	0.206 mm*	60 mm
2.5 μL	6.6 mm	0.34 mm	27 mm
5 μL 600 Series	6.6 mm	0.48 mm	27 mm
5 μL 700, 800 Series	6.6 mm	0.34 mm	54 mm
5 μL 7000 Series	7.8 mm	0.325 mm*	60 mm
10 μL 700, 800 Series	6.6 mm	0.49 mm	54 mm
10 μL 1700, 1800 Series	6.6 mm	0.46 mm	60 mm
25 μL	7.7 mm	0.73 mm	60 mm
50 μL	7.7 mm	1.03 mm	60 mm
100 μL	7.7 mm	1.40 mm	60 mm
250 μL	7.7 mm	2.30 mm	60 mm
500 μL	7.7 mm	3.26 mm	60 mm
1.0 mL	9.0 mm	4.61 mm	60 mm
2.5 mL - Thin Wall	9.7 mm	7.29 mm	60 mm
2.5 mL	10.3 mm	7.29 mm	60 mm
5 mL	13.5 mm	10.30 mm	60 mm
10 mL	17.7 mm	14.57 mm	60 mm
25 mL	27.1 mm	23.03 mm	60 mm
50 mL	36.9 mm	32.54 mm	60 mm
100 mL	36.9 mm	32.54 mm	120 mm
500 mL	75 mm	62 mm	166 mm



## Syringe Dimensions (Cont.)

#### **Syringe Dimensions (Cont.)**

Volume	Barrel OD	Barrel ID	Stroke Length
1.0 L	100 mm	87 mm	167 mm
1.5 L	100 mm	87 mm	250 mm
2.0 L	100 mm	87 mm	334 mm

\*For the 7000 series syringes the ID measurement is based on the OD of the plunger wire.

# Syringes Figure 7. Syringe dimensions Outer Diameter Stroke Length H Inner Diameter

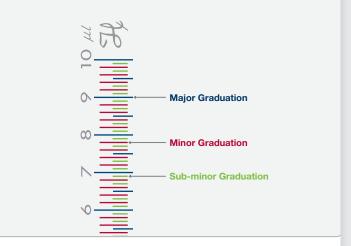
## Graduations

All manual Hamilton syringes have silkscreened graduations to assist in the precise positioning of the plunger. To simplify reading of the silkscreen there are three different types of graduation marks: major, minor, and sub-minor.

#### Graduations

Volume	Major	Minor	Sub-minor
0.5 μL	0.05 μL	0.01 μL	0.005 μL
1 μL	0.1 μL	0.02 μL	0.01 μL
2 μL	0.2 μL	0.04 μL	0.02 μL
2.5 μL	0.5 μL	0.1 μL	0.05 μL
5 μL 600 Series	1.0 µL	0.2 μL	0.1 μL
5 μL	0.5 μL	0.1 μL	0.05 μL
10 μL	1.0 µL	0.2 μL	0.1 μL
25 μL	2.5 μL	0.5 μL	0.25 μL
50 μL	5.0 µL	1.0 µL	0.5 μL
100 μL	10 μL	2.0 μL	1.0 μL
250 μL	25 μL	5.0 μL	2.5 μL
500 μL	50 μL	10 μL	5.0 μL
1 mL	100 μL	20 μL	10 μL
2.5 mL	250 μL	50 μL	25 μL
5.0 mL	500 μL	100 μL	50 μL
10 mL	1,000 μL	200 μL	100 μL
25 mL	2,500 μL	500 μL	250 μL
50 mL	5,000 μL	1,000 μL	500 μL
100 mL	5,000 μL	1,000 μL	500 μL
0.5 – 2.0 L	100 mL	20 mL	N/A







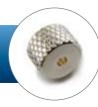


# Syringe Replacement Parts

A limited selection of replacement parts and accessories are available for Hamilton syringes. For Gastight syringes most common plungers are available. For Microliter syringes the plunger is hand-fit to the barrel so a replacement plunger is not offered.

#### **Removable Needle Nut**

All Removable Needle (RN) syringes use part number 30902 for the replacement nut.



## 800 Series Syringe Replacement Parts



#### **Barrel/Plunger Assembly** P/N Volume **Termination** Gauge 32150 5 μL Cemented Needle 26s ga 32134 Removable Needle No Needle 5 uL Cemented Needle 26s ga 32151 10 μL 32165 10 μL Removable Needle 26s ga 32129 10 μL Removable Needle No Needle 32166 25 µL Removable Needle 22s ga 32117 25 μL Removable Needle No Needle 32120 50 μL Removable Needle No Needle 32168 100 μL Removable Needle 22s ga 32123 100 μL Removable Needle No Needle 32169 250 μL Removable Needle 22s ga 32126 250 µL Removable Needle No Needle Note: All included needles are 51 mm long with a point style 2.



Point Styles Point 2 Point 3 Point 4 Point 5 Point AS

## 1000 Series Syringe Replacement Parts

#### **Spindle/Tip Assembly**

P/N	Volume
52343-01	100 mL

#### **Plunger Assembly**



P/N	Volume
1359-01	1 mL
1360-01	2.5 mL
13230	5 mL
13231	10 mL
13271	25 mL
13272	50 mL

## 1700 Series Syringe Replacement Parts



P/N	Volume	Plunger Stop
13205	10 μL	No
1122-01	25 μL	No
13269	25 μL	Yes
1162-01	50 μL	No
1117-01	50 μL	Yes
1162-02	100 μL	No
1117-02	100 μL	Yes
1162-03	250 μL	No
1117-03	250 μL	Yes
1169-01	500 μL	No
1120-01	500 μL	Yes

## 1800 Series Syringe Replacement Parts

#### **Holder Assembly**



#### **Plunger Assembly**



#### **Glass Barrel**



P/N	Volume	Termination	Gauge
32175	10 μL	Cemented Needle	26s ga
32187	10 μL	Removable Needle	No Needle
32188	25 μL	Removable Needle	No Needle
32189	50 μL	Removable Needle	No Needle
32190	100 μL	Removable Needle	No Needle
32191	250 μL	Removable Needle	No Needle

Note: All included needles are 51 mm long with a point style 2.



## 7000 Series Syringe Replacement Parts

#### **Replacement Plunger and Needle Assemblies**

	P/N	Volume	Gauge	Length	Point
	17887	0.5 μL	25 ga	70 mm	2
	17187	0.5 μL	25 ga	100 mm	3
	86258	0.5 μL	32 ga	70 mm	3
	17888	1.0 µL (7001)	25 ga	70 mm	2
	17188	1.0 µL (7001)	25 ga	70 mm	3
	17890	1.0 µL (7101)	22 ga	70 mm	2
	17190	1.0 μL (7101)	22 ga	70 mm	3
	17891	2.0 µL (7002)	25 ga	70 mm	2
	17191	2.0 μL (7002)	25 ga	70 mm	3
	17192	2.0 μL (7102)	23 ga	70 mm	3
	17893	5.0 μL	24 ga	70 mm	2
	17193	5.0 μL	24 ga	70 mm	3

The 7000 series syringes have a plunger wire that runs inside the needle. The kit comes with a replacement plunger and needle so both can be changed at the same time. The plunger wire is extremely delicate and care must be taken not to cause damage during installation.

## Super Syringe Replacement Parts

#### **Plunger Replacement Parts**

P/N	Volume	Description
18007	0.5 - 2.0 L	Piston Rod Knob
18005	0.5 - 1.0 L	Piston Rod
18053	0.5 L	Piston Disk
18054	1.0 - 2.0 L	Piston Disk
16160	0.5 L	Piston Disk O-ring
16161	1.0 - 2.0 L	Piston Disk O-ring



**Point Styles** 





# Sterilization and Disinfection

Cycling a syringe in an autoclave can result in damage caused by the metal and glass parts expanding at different rates. The table below shows the recommended chemicals for disinfection and the syringe types that can withstand repeated autoclave cycles. As an alternative to the autoclave, all glass syringes can be sterilized using ethylene oxide.

#### **Sterilization and Disinfection Table**

Product	Autoclave Sterilization	Chemical Disinfection <sup>1</sup>		
Cemented Needle Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
Luer Tip Cemented Needle Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
Fixed Needle Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
Luer Tip Syringes	Yes	Yes		
PTFE Luer Lock Syringes	Yes, except 25 mL and larger	Yes		
Removable Needle Syringes	Yes	Yes, no bleach		
Knurled Hub Syringes	Yes	Yes		
SampleLock Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
ChemSeal Syringes	Yes	Yes		
Carbon Analyzer Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
Constant Rate Syringes	No	Yes, no bleach		
Neuros Syringes	Yes	Yes		
Removable Needles (18 - 26s gauge)	Yes	Yes		
Removable Needles (27 - 34 gauge)	Yes	Yes		
Metal Hub Needles	Yes	Yes		
Kel-F Hub Needles	Yes	Yes		
PTFE Tubing	Yes	Yes		
Kel-F Fittings	Yes	Yes		
<sup>1</sup> Recommended disinfecting chemicals are Microcide SQ® (P/N 3995-01), 10% bleach, acetone, or ethanol.				

Syringes should be disassembled prior to autoclaving at 120 °C for 20 min.





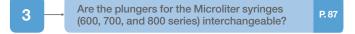
# Frequently Asked Questions

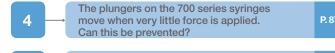
Below is a list of commonly asked questions. Find your question and then turn to the page to see the answer. If your question is not listed please contact your Hamilton representative.

## Syringe Questions

## 1 What is the accuracy of Hamilton syringes? P.87

#### 2 Can Hamilton syringes be used on humans?





What are the most versatile syringes made by Hamilton?

6	<b>→</b>	Why doesn't my RN adapter	P.87

7 How do I adjust the needle exposure on my Neuros syringe?	7
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9	<b>→</b>	How do you backfill syringes?	P. 87
9	<b>→</b>	How do you backfill syringes?	P. 87

#### **Needle Questions**

10	How do I find my needle for my syringe?	P. 88
11 —	Is the needle dead volume part of the total volume of the dispensed fluid?	P. 88
12	What does the "s" mean in a 22s or 26s gauge needle?	P. 88
13	Does Hamilton offer a needle sheath?	P. 88
14	Can disposable needles work with Hamilton syringes?	P. 88



#### Syringe Questions

What is the accuracy of Hamilton syringes?

Hamilton syringes are manufactured to be accurate within ±1% of nominal volume, and with precision within 1%, measured at 80% of total scale volume. Our ISO 9001-2008 certified Quality System uses rigorous testing and quality checks to ensure the highest levels of accuracy and precision. To obtain a syringe-specific certificate the syringe must be purchased as a Calibrated Syringe (page 26).

Can Hamilton syringes be used on humans?

No, Hamilton syringes are labeled "Not for Human Use". To discuss potential off label uses for Hamilton syringes please contact us.

Are the plungers for the Microliter syringes (600, 700, and 800 series) interchangeable?

No, each plunger is hand-fitted to the corresponding syringe barrel. Be very careful to keep each plunger with its original syringe barrel in order to maximize syringe performance.

The plungers on the 700 series syringes move when very little force is applied. Can this be prevented?

The plungers on Microliter syringes are designed to move freely to enable rapid injection into a GC. If more resistance is desired a Gastight syringe is recommended. The Gastight plunger uses a plastic seal between the plunger and syringe barrel, resulting in additional drag force to move the plunger.

What are the most versatile syringes made by Hamilton?

In our opinion, Gastight syringes with the Removable Needle termination are the most versatile. The plungers and the needles are replaceable if they get bent or wear out. Additionally, the dead volume of the Removable Needle termination is as small as a Cemented Needle syringe which is critical for small volume syringes.

Why doesn't my RN adapter fit onto my RN syringe?

The RN adapters are compatible with any SampleLock syringes or with Removable Needle syringes between 250  $\mu$ L – 10 mL. If the proper size syringe is being used it is possible that the white ferrule from the previously installed needle is still stuck in the hub. This must be removed prior to installation of the RN adapter.

How do I adjust the needle exposure on my Neuros syringe?

To expose the needle loosen the RN nut on the end of the adapter, and then gently push the needle sleeve down. Be careful not to put your finger over the needle hole when moving the needle sleeve down. Sometimes the needle sleeve may be a little tight when using it for the first time.

Do the 7000 series Neuros syringes have replacement parts?

No, due to the design of the 7000 series needle plunger assembly the 7000 series Neuros syringes do not have any replacement parts.

How do you backfill syringes?

9

Backfilling a syringe can be useful when the syringe is connected to a needle or tubing with a large dead volume. Excessive dead volume makes the system difficult to prime and filling from the back may be the only option. Backfilling should not be used if the needle is clogged because reinsertion of the plunger can result in excessive backpressure and a cracked syringe barrel.

To backfill a Hamilton syringe, simply remove the plunger and load the solution from the back using a second syringe. Once the air bubbles are flushed out remove the second syringe and reinsert the plunger. For this purpose Hamilton offers a Priming Kit (P/N PRMKIT) which is recommended for syringes as small as  $5~\mu$ L.

Note: This procedure is valid for 700 and 1700 series syringes only.



#### SYRINGE TECHNICAL REFERENCES | FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

#### **Needle Questions**

How do I find a needle for my syringe?

Use the tutorial on page 9 to determine what needles are compatible with your syringe. Then turn to the Needles section to find a part number.

Is the needle dead volume part of the total volume of the dispensed fluid?

No, the liquid in the needle is not part of the dispense volume. The needle contains a constant dead volume throughout the aspirate and dispense steps.

When performing a GC injection one thing to consider is that the sample is aspirated at room temperature. When the sample is dispensed the needle starts to warm up to the temperature of the GC inlet. If the sample trapped in the needle is volatile it may begin to expand and result in the introduction of additional sample into the GC. To minimize this effect it is critical that the injection timing is the same for all injections.

What does the "s" mean in a 22s or 26s gauge needle?

For needles the gauge indicates the outer diameter of the needle tubing. The difference between a 26 gauge needle and a 26s gauge needle is the thickness of the tubing wall. The "s" needles have a thicker wall which results in a more rigid needle and a smaller dead volume. Smaller dead volume needles come standard on small volume syringes to make them practical to prime.

A table of available needle gauges and their dimensions can be found on page 119.

Does Hamilton offer a needle sheath?

No, Hamilton does not offer a needle sheath. Our syringes are not for human use, and our needles do not come with a medical point. If a sheath is required it is possible to buy a third party Luer Lock needle and attach it to a Hamilton Luer Tip or Luer Lock syringe.

Can disposable needles work with Hamilton syringes?

Yes, our Luer Tip (LT) and PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) syringes can accept most industry standard disposable luer lock needles.





# Syringe Calibration

This syringe calibration procedure is based on determining the mass of deionized water samples delivered by the syringe. True volume is calculated based on the density of water at the calibration temperature. This method is not recommended for volumes below 2  $\mu$ L. There is no upper volume limit.

# Equipment and Materials

#### Step 1

Laboratory balances required for the test method should meet or exceed the following performance specifications and should be regularly maintained and calibrated with the appropriate N.I.S.T. traceable weights.

Test Volume (µL)	Balance Sensitivity (mg)
1 – 10	0.001
10 – 100	0.01
100 – 1,000	0.1

#### Step 2

Use a balance table, or suitable equivalent to minimize vibration.

#### Step 3

Use a weighing vessel that has a total volume 12 to 40 times larger than the test volume, or 500  $\mu L$ , whichever is larger (this is for evaporation control). If possible, use a cover that fits over the outside of the vessel top (do NOT allow the cover to come into contact with the test liquid). The vessel should be plastic, glass, metal, or some other non-porous material. The cross-sectional area of the opening should be as small as possible to further minimize evaporation.

#### Step 4

Handle the vessel with forceps or tweezers.

#### Step 5

Use deionized water that has equilibrated to room temperature.

#### Step 6

Use a calibrated thermometer to measure the temperature of the water.



#### SYRINGE TECHNICAL REFERENCES | SYRINGE CALIBRATION

## Calibration Procedure

#### Step 1

Allow all test materials to equilibrate to room temperature (Note: For best results, this procedure should be performed at 22  $^{\circ}$ C – 26  $^{\circ}$ C.)

#### Step 2

Place a small amount of deionized water in the weighing vessel (between 2 and 30 test volumes).

#### Step 3

Fill a reservoir with deionized water and aspirate water into the syringe. Remove any bubbles by slowly aspirating and quickly dispensing the water several times.

#### Step 4

Place the weighing vessel on the balance pan and close the door of the balance chamber.

#### Step 5

Aspirate the sample to be measured. Hamilton uses 80% of the nominal volume for calibration.

#### Step 6

Tare the balance. Retrieve the weighing vessel from the balance chamber, dispense the volume of water, and return the vessel to the balance pan, closing the door to the weighing chamber. Record the mass of the deionized water.

#### Step 7

Weigh 10 samples into the weighing vessel and record each sample mass after delivery. Replicate all motions and time intervals in each sampling cycle as precisely as possible. Keep the distance between the balance and the syringe to a minimum.

#### Step 8

Measure and record the water temperature.



# Calculating Accuracy and Precision

#### Step 1

Calculate the volume of each dispense (V<sub>i</sub>) by dividing each mass value by the density of water at the measured temperature. Refer to the table below for density values.

#### **Density of Water at Various Temperatures**

°C	g/mL
18	0.998595
19	0.998405
20	0.998203
21	0.997992
22	0.997770
23	0.997538
24	0.997296
25	0.997044
26	0.996783
27	0.996512
28	0.996232
29	0.995944
30	0.995646

Data from CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, 50th Edition, 1969, page F-4

#### Step 2

Calculate the average dispensed volume from the individual dispensed volumes,  $V_{\rm i}$  (where i is 1 to 10):

$$V_{avg} = \frac{(V_1 + V_2 + V_3 + \dots + V_{10})}{10}$$

#### Step 3

Calculate the syringe accuracy (where  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$  is equal to the expected dispense volume):

Accuracy (%) = 
$$\left[ \frac{(V_{avg} - V_o)}{V_o} \right] \times 100\%$$

#### Step 4

Calculate the standard deviation (STDEV) of the calculated volumes:

$$STDEV = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (V_i - V_{avg})^2}{10}}$$

#### Step 5

Determine the precision (coefficient of variation – CV):

$$CV (\%) = \frac{STDEV}{V_{avg}} \times 100\%$$





NOTES



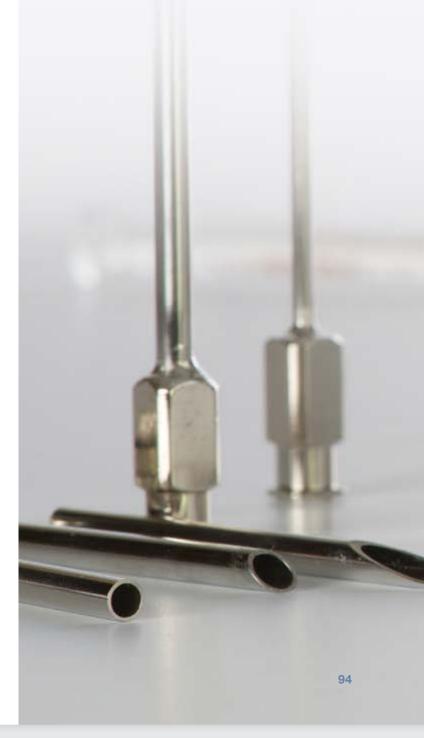
# Hamilton Reference Guide Needles



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## Needles

Hamilton needles are manufactured with top quality materials and skilled workmanship ensuring the highest possible performance for reliable analyses. With proper care and handling, Hamilton needles provide unsurpassed performance.

#### Introduction

Product finder tutorials to simplify finding the right needle. Not familiar with the terminology? Visit the Needle 101 section for definitions and terminology.



Introduction

P. 96

#### Needles

Needles are grouped based on needle type such as Luer Lock, Removable Needles, Specialty Needles, and Needle Cleaning Accessories.



Needles

P. 10

### Needle Technical Reference

This section contains the most frequently requested needle reference information including: needle care and use, sterilization and disinfection, and needle dimensions.



Needle Technical Reference

P. 114



## Find Your Product

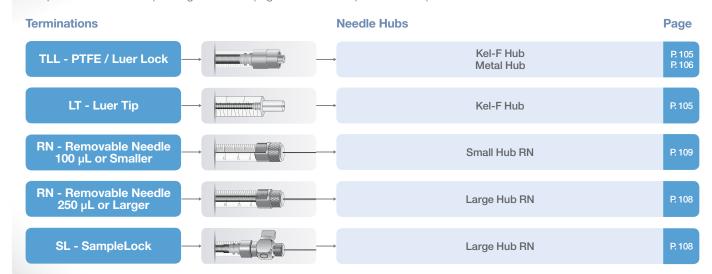
#### I have a syringe, which needle do I need?

If you already have a syringe and need a Hamilton needle, review the three options below to determine which needle hub is compatible with your syringe. Once the needle hub is identified turn to the corresponding page to browse the available needle gauges, lengths, and point styles.

#### **Option 1**

#### I already know my syringe termination

Below are the syringe terminations that accept replacement needles. Identify your termination below and proceed to the corresponding needle hub page to see the compatible needle part numbers.



#### Option 2

#### I know my syringe part number, but not the termination

If you know the syringe part number but do not know what termination it has, you can look up the part number in the index at the back of this guide. You will be directed to the page where the part number is displayed, indicating the syringe termination. Alternatively, you can search for the part number at www.hamiltoncompany.com where the product page will list the termination and the compatible needle hub. Once the termination is determined use Option 1 to find the page where the appropriate needles are listed.

#### **Option 3**

#### I have a plastic syringe and need a compatible needle

Many plastic syringes use an industry standard Luer or Luer Lock connector. For these syringes both the Hamilton Metal Hub (page 106) and the Kel-F Hub (page 105) needles are compatible.







## Needles 101:

## Definitions and Terminology

This section is designed to provide an overview of the different types of needles that Hamilton offers including a discussion of hub

styles, needle point styles with a discussion on calculating the bevel length, needle lengths, and choosing a needle gauge for an application.

#### **Anatomy of a Needle**

The needle hub is attached to the needle cannula and is used to connect the needle to a syringe, tube, or fitting. The opposite end of the needle is shaped into a needle point style that is appropriate for the application.



## Needle Hub Styles





## Needle Point Styles





#### Specifying Needle Length





## Choosing the Appropriate Gauge







## Needle Hub Styles

The tables below discuss the different hub styles that Hamilton offers.

#### **Luer Lock Needle Hubs**

Designed to fit any standard Luer or Luer Lock syringe or fitting.

	Needle Hub Style	Needle Gauge	Compatible with:
Metal Hub Needle		33 - 10 gauge	25 μL to 2 L – PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) Syringes
Kel-F Hub Needle		31 - 10 gauge	25 μL to 2 L – PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) Syringes 10 μL to 10 mL – Luer Tip (LT) Syringes

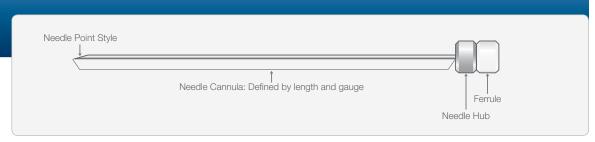
#### **Removable Needle Hubs**

Seated at the zero line of the syringe, minimizing dead volume, and enabling complete priming of small volume syringes. The difference between a Small and Large Hub Removable Needle (RN) is the outer diameter of the hub and ferrule. There are two versions of the Small Hub RN because at smaller than 27 gauge the tubing wall is too thin to stake the hub in place.

	Needle Hub Style	Needle Gauge	Compatible with:
Small Hub Removable Needle	26 – 18 gauge  34 – 27 gauge	34 - 18 gauge	2.5 μL to 100 μL – Removable Needle (RN) Syringes
Large Hub Removable Needle		26s - 20 gauge	250 μL to 10 mL – Removable Needle (RN) Syringes 50 μL to 100 mL – SampleLock (SL) Syringes

#### **Detachable Ferrules**

Some Removable Needles have a detachable ferrule as shown below.



#### **Valve Port Needle Hubs**

Used to connect the needle to a tubing port on a Hamilton valve.

	Needle Hub Style	Needle Gauge	Compatible with:
Hat Needle		26 - 14 gauge	Connected directly to a 1/4"-28 flat bottom valve port using needle bushing part number 35056



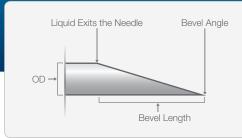
## Needle Point Styles

Hamilton offers several different needle point styles depending on the intended application. For most syringes and needles, the standard length is 51 mm. Customization of the needle gauge, length, and point style is possible to suit almost any application.

ID	Point Style	Description	Application	Gauges
2		10 - 12° sharp, beveled, curved non-coring	Gas Chromatography (GC), septum piercing	33 – 10 ga
3		Blunt, electro-polished	High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) injection, Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC), general liquid handling, controlled animal injections	34 – 10 ga
ЗТ		Blunt, electro-polished, coated with PTFE 19 mm from the tip	Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC) applications	26s, 22s, and 22 ga
4		Sharp 10 - 12° beveled needle; other angles available upon request	Life science/animal injections	34 – 10 ga
5		Conical with side port for penetration without coring	Headspace, applications prone to needle clogging, causes minimal septum damage	26 – 10 ga
AS		Conical, non-coring designed to withstand multiple injections	Autosampler injection, pre-pierced septa	26 - 10 ga

#### **Calculating Point Style 4 Bevel Length**

Neuroscience injections require precise positioning of the needle in the brain. Liquid exits the needle from the start of the bevel so knowing the bevel length is critical. It is possible to calculate the bevel length by knowing the outer diameter (OD) of the needle tubing and the bevel angle.



For example: A 27 gauge needle (OD = 0.413) with a point style 4 beveled at 30 degrees:
Bevel length= 0.413 mm / tan30=0.715 mm



## Specifying Needle Length

The needle length for most standard Hamilton needles is 51 mm  $\pm$  1 mm. If a custom length is desired, it is critical to understand how to specify the desired length. The table below shows the length that is specified when ordering each hub style.

Custom needles are available in lengths from 10 mm to 304 mm. If a longer needle is required, contact your local representative to determine available possibilities.

Hub Style	Length Determination	Image
Metal Hub Needle	Needle length is specified from the needle point to the start of the hub.	← length →
Kel-F Hub Needle	Needle length is specified from the needle point to the start of the hub.	← length →
Standard RN Hub Needle	Needle length is specified from the needle point to the start of the RN nut. The distance from the needle point to the hub is Length + 1.8 mm.	← length ←
Small Gauge RN Hub Needle	Needle length is specified from the needle point to the start of the support sleeve.	← length →
Hat Hub Needle	Needle length is specified from the needle point to the end of the hub.	← length →

## Choosing the Appropriate Gauge

Needle gauge specifies the outer diameter of the tubing used to make the needle. As the needle gauge increases the outer diameter of the needle decreases, i.e. 10 gauge is larger than 33 gauge. The same gauge tubing is available with different wall thicknesses resulting in different inner diameters. Hamilton designates the thick wall version of the tubing by adding an "s" to the gauge. For example, 26s is the thick walled version of 26 gauge tubing. To see the dimensions of the tubing Hamilton uses for needles, turn to the Gauge Index on page 119.

## Considerations for Syringes 250 µL and Smaller

For syringes 250  $\mu$ L and smaller it is recommended to use the "s" gauge tubing and a Cemented or Removable Needle. With small volume syringes the needle dead volume becomes critical. If the dead volume is too large it will be difficult to prime the syringe. If a thick walled version of the desired gauge is not available or if a Luer Lock hub is desired, special priming techniques may be required. Ideally the dead volume will not exceed 20% of the syringe's nominal dispense volume.

#### What is Dead Volume?

Dead volume is defined as the volume of solution that remains in the needle after an injection. To achieve a precise dispense the dead volume must be completely primed with sample by rapidly filling and dispensing until the air bubbles are flushed from the system. Once primed the dead volume does not contribute to the volume aspirated or dispensed by the syringe.



#### Choosing the Appropriate Gauge (Cont.)

#### **Calculating Needle Dead Volume**

The dead volume and dimensions of the needle tubing are listed in the Gauge Index (page 119). The dead volume can be calculated by the equation (inner diameter/2) $^2$ ( $\pi$ )(needle length). Add this to the dead volume of the needle hub to get the needle's total dead volume. For a Metal or Kel-F Luer Lock Needle connected to a Hamilton syringe add 10  $\mu$ L, and for a Removable Needle there is no additional dead volume.

## Considerations for Syringes 500 µL and Larger

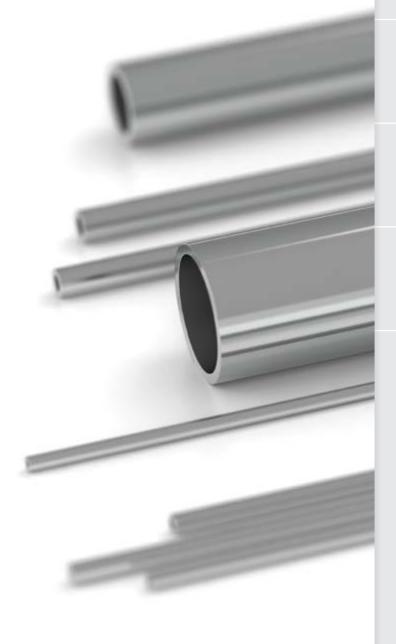
For syringes of this size, flow rate and backpressure are the biggest considerations. It is possible to use a 27 gauge and smaller needle with these syringes. However, the force to press the plunger will increase, and the dispense rate must be slow. When possible, it is always recommended to use the thin-walled tubing in lieu of the "s" gauge tubing.

#### **Small Gauge Needle Bending with Length**

As needle diameter decreases, the needle becomes less rigid. For applications that require a small gauge needle but still need rigidity for penetration, it is recommended to order the shortest needle that is still suitable for the application. The Neuros syringe on page 58 may also be an option. It has a protective sleeve to improve the rigidity of a small gauge needle.

#### **Using 34 Gauge Needles**

A 34 gauge needle is significantly smaller than a 33 gauge needle. For some applications the smaller size is a real advantage but has inherent complications. 34 gauge tubing requires special cutting tools to ensure the tubing is not crimped shut. Due to this limitation the needles are only available in restricted lengths and point styles. The small inner diameter (ID) results in a needle more prone to clogging, and cleaning wires are not available for this size. The small ID also makes it difficult to aspirate water with a fitted Microliter syringe; therefore, a Gastight syringe must be used with a 34 gauge needle.







#### Luer Lock Needles

Metal and plastic hub needles designed to connect with industry standard Luer syringes and fittings.



Removable Needles

For use with Hamilton Removable Needle Syringes to create a tight, low dead volume connection.



Luer Lock Needles

P. 104

Removable Needles

2 107

## Specialty Needles

Application specific needle connections such as: cut tubing, glass micro pipettes, Thin-Layer Chromatography, Gel-Loading, PEEK, and Valve Port needles.



## Needle Cleaning Accessories

This section includes products for caring for the needles such as: a Needle Cleaning Kit, Cleaning Wires, and Cleaning Solution Concentrate.



Specialty Needles

P. 110

**Needle Cleaning Accessories** 

P. 113





## Luer Lock Needles

Hamilton Luer Lock Needles are designed to fit any standard Luer or Luer Lock syringe or fitting. They are specifically designed to minimize dead volume when connected with a Hamilton PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) or Luer Tip (LT) syringe.

Excessive dead volume can make it impossible to completely prime syringes smaller than 100  $\mu$ L. Complete priming of the syringe and needle is critical to achieving the stated accuracy and precision.

Kel-F Hub Needles

P. 105

Metal Hub Needles

P. 106



## Kel-F Hub Needles

The Kel-F hub is made from CTFE plastic. Needles are available from 31 to 10 gauge. This hub is recommended when connecting to a rigid male Luer like a Luer Tip (LT) syringe because the plastic is more pliable and creates the best seal. All needles are sold in six-packs and the standard needles are 51 mm long. For all custom needles, the length and point style will need to be specified prior to placing an order.



#### **Standard Kel-F Hub Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2	Point 3	Point 5
	31 ga	90131	90531	
	30 ga	90130	90530	
	29 ga	90129	90529	
	28 ga	90128	90528	
	27 ga	90127	90532	
	26s ga	90139	90539	7746-12
	26 ga	90126	90533	7746-10
	25 ga	90125	90525	7746-09
	24 ga	90124	90524	7746-08
	23 ga	90123	90523	7746-07
	22s ga	90138	90534	7746-11
Ed	22 ga	90122	90134	7746-06
51 mm	21 ga	90121	90521	7746-05
	20 ga	90120	90520	7746-04
	19 ga	90119	90519	7746-13
	18 ga	90118	90535	7746-03
	17 ga	90117	90517	7746-02
	16 ga	90116	90516	7746-01
	15 ga	90115	90515	7746-14
	14 ga	90114	90514	7746-15
	13 ga	90113	90513	
	12 ga	90112	90512	
	11 ga	90111	90511	
	10 ga	90110	90536	7746-16

#### **Custom Kel-F Hub Needles**

	Length	Gauge	Point 2, 3, or 4	Point 5 or AS
		31 ga	7750-22	
		30 ga	7750-21	
		29 ga	7750-20	
		28 ga	7750-19	
		27 ga	7750-18	
		26s ga	7750-24	7752-19
		26 ga	7750-17	7752-17
		25s ga	7750-26	7752-21
		25 ga	7750-16	7752-16
		24 ga	7750-15	7752-15
		23s ga	7750-25	7752-20
		23 ga	7750-14	7752-14
	10 – 304 mm	22s ga	7750-23	7752-18
	10 – 304 mm	22 ga	7750-13	7752-13
		21 ga	7750-12	7752-12
		20 ga	7750-11	7752-11
		19 ga	7750-10	7752-10
		18 ga	7750-09	7752-09
		17 ga	7750-08	7752-08
		16 ga	7750-07	7752-07
		15 ga	7750-06	7752-06
		14 ga	7750-05	7752-05
		13 ga	7750-04	7752-04
		12 ga	7750-03	7752-03
		11 ga	7750-02	7752-02
		10 ga	7750-01	7752-01



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#### **NEEDLES** | LUER LOCK NEEDLES

## Metal Hub Needles

The Metal hub is made from nickel plated brass. Needles are available from 33 to 10 gauge. This hub makes the most rigid connection to the needle making it perfect for repetitive septum piercing. Metal hub needles are compatible with PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) syringes. All needles are sold in six-packs and the standard needles are 51 mm long. For all custom needles, the length and point style will need to be specified prior to placing an order.



#### **Standard Metal Hub Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2	Point 3	Point 5
	33 ga	90033	91033	
	32 ga	90032	91032	
	31 ga	90031	91031	
	30 ga	90030	91030	
	29 ga	90029	91029	
	28 ga	90028	91028	
	27 ga	90027	91027	
	26s ga	90039	91039	7729-01
	26 ga	90026	91026	7729-03
	25s ga	90052		
	25 ga	90025	91025	7729-04
	24 ga	90024	91024	7729-05
	23 ga	90023	91023	7729-06
51 mm	22s ga	90038	91038	7729-02
	22 ga	90022	91022	7729-07
	21 ga	90021	91021	7729-08
	20 ga	90020	91020	7729-09
	19 ga	90019	91019	7729-14
	18 ga	90018	91018	7729-10
	17 ga	90017	91017	7729-11
	16 ga	90016	91016	7729-12
	15 ga	90015	91015	7729-13
	14 ga	90014	91014	7730-01
	13 ga	90013	91013	7730-02
	12 ga	90012	91012	7730-03
	11 ga	90011	91011	7730-04
	10 ga	90010	91010	7730-05

#### **Custom Metal Hub Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2, 3, or 4	Point 5 or AS
	33 ga	7747-01	
	32 ga	7747-02	
	31 ga	7748-17	
	30 ga	7748-16	
	29 ga	7748-15	
	28 ga	7748-14	
	27 ga	7748-13	
	26s ga	7748-19	7751-19
	26 ga	7748-12	7751-17
	25s ga	7748-21	7751-21
	25 ga	7748-11	7751-16
	24 ga	7748-10	7751-15
	23s ga	7748-20	7751-20
10 - 304 m	23 ga	7748-09	7751-14
10 - 304 111	22s ga	7748-18	7751-18
	22 ga	7748-08	7751-13
	21 ga	7748-07	7751-12
	20 ga	7748-06	7751-11
	19 ga	7748-05	7751-10
	18 ga	7748-04	7751-09
	17 ga	7748-03	7751-08
	16 ga	7748-02	7751-07
	15 ga	7748-01	7751-06
	14 ga	7749-05	7751-05
	13 ga	7749-04	7751-04
	12 ga	7749-03	7751-03
	11 ga	7749-02	7751-02
	10 ga	7749-01	7751-01







## Removable Needles

Hamilton Removable Needles provide the benefits of a replaceable needle with the smallest dead volume necessary for complete priming of the syringe. The unique connection installs the needle precisely at the zero line and the compression seal between the glass barrel and the PTFE or CTFE seal is chemically inert.



## Large Hub Removable Needles

The Large Hub Removable Needle (RN) is compatible with RN syringes from 250  $\mu$ L to 10 mL and all SampleLock syringes. Needles are available from 26s to 20 gauge. All needles are sold in six-packs and the standard needles are 51 mm long. For all custom needles, the length and point style will need to be specified prior to placing an order.



#### **Standard Large Hub RN Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2	Point 3	Point 5
	26s ga	7779-02	7780-01	7784-03
51 mm	26 ga	7779-04	7780-02	7784-04
31 111111	22s ga	7779-03	7780-03	7784-01
	22 ga	7779-01	7780-04	7784-02

#### **Custom Large Hub RN Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2, 3, or 4	Point 5 or AS
	26s ga	7806-04	7732-04
	26 ga	7806-03	7732-03
	25s ga	7806-09	7732-09
	25 ga	7806-07	7732-05
	24 ga	7806-06	7732-07
10 - 304 mm	23s ga	7806-08	7732-08
	23 ga	7806-05	7732-06
	22s ga	7806-02	7732-02
	22 ga	7806-01	7732-01
	21 ga	7806-11	7732-11
	20 ga	7806-10	7732-10

## Small Hub Removable Needles

The Small Hub Removable Needle (RN) is compatible with RN syringes from 2.5  $\mu$ L to 100  $\mu$ L. Needles are available from 34 to 18 gauge. All needles are sold in six-packs and the standard needles are 51 mm long. For all custom needles, the length and point style will need to be specified prior to placing an order.



#### **Standard Small Hub RN Needles**

	Length	Gauge	Point 2	Point 3	Point 5
	38 mm	33 ga		7762-06	
		32 ga		7762-05	
		31 ga		7762-04	
		30 ga		7762-03	
		28 ga		7762-02	
	51 mm	27 ga		7762-01	
		26s ga	7758-02	7768-01	7784-07
		26 ga	7758-04	7768-02	7784-08
		22s ga	7758-03	7770-01	7784-05
		22 ga	7758-01	7770-02	7784-06

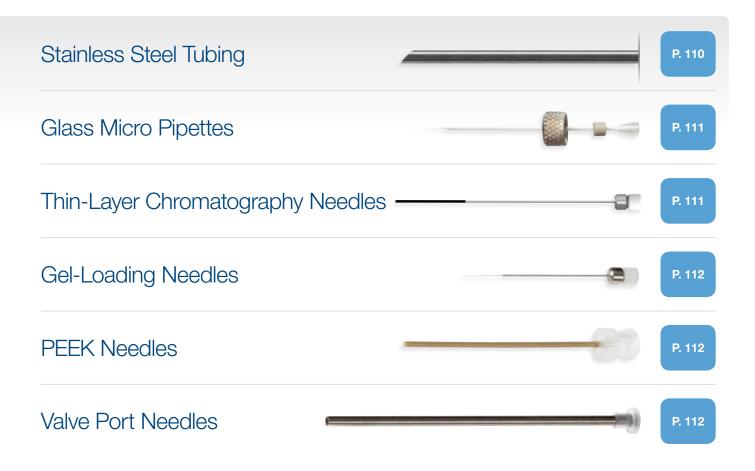
#### **Custom Small Hub RN Needles**

Length	Gauge	Point 2, 3, or 4	Point 5 or AS
10, 13, 25, or 38 mm	34 ga	207434*	
	33 ga	7803-05	
	32 ga	7803-04	
	31 ga	7803-03	
	30 ga	7803-07	
	29 ga	7803-06	
	28 ga	7803-02	
	27 ga	7803-01	
	26s ga	7804-04	7731-02
	26 ga	7804-03	7731-01
10 – 304 mm	25s ga	7804-10	7731-06
10 – 304 mm	25 ga	7804-05	7731-05
	24 ga	7804-08	7731-09
	23s ga	7804-09	7731-08
	23 ga	7804-07	7731-07
	22s ga	7804-02	7731-04
	22 ga	7804-01	7731-03
	21 ga	7804-12	7731-11
	20 ga	7804-11	7731-10
	19 ga	207419	7731-13
	18 ga	7804-06	7731-12

<sup>\*</sup> Only available as a point style 3 or 4



# Specialty Needles





### Stainless Steel Tubing (Cont.)

#### **Stainless Steel Tubing (Cont.)**

Gauge Cut Tubing Point 2, 3, or 4 Point 5 or	ΔS
	70
29 ga 21029A 22029-01	
28 ga 21028A 22028-01	
27 ga 21027A 22027-01	
26s ga 21039A 22039-01 22039-02	
26 ga 21026A 22026-01 22026-02	
25s ga 21058A 22058-01 22058-02	
25 ga 21025A 22025-01 22025-02	
24 ga 21024A 22024-01 22024-02	
23s ga 21041A 22041-01 22041-02	
23 ga 21023A 22023-01 22023-02	
22s ga 21038A 22038-01 22038-02	
22 ga 21022A 22022-01 22022-02	

Gauge	Cut Tubing	Point 2, 3, or 4	Point 5 or AS
21 ga	21021A	22021-01	22021-02
20 ga	21020A	22020-01	22020-02
19 ga	21019A	22019-01	22019-02
18 ga	21018A	22018-01	22018-02
17 ga	21017A	22017-01	22017-02
16 ga	21016A	22016-01	22016-02
15 ga	21015A	22015-01	22015-02
14 ga	21014A	22014-01	22014-02
13 ga	21013A	22013-01	22013-02
12 ga	21012A	22012-01	22012-02
11 ga	21011A	22011-01	22011-02
10 ga	21010A	22010-01	22010-02

### Glass Micro Pipettes

Glass micro pipettes are widely used in Neuroscience because the point can be pulled to an incredibly small diameter and maintain the rigidity to penetrate tissue. Additionally, the dispense orifice exits from the very tip of the needle so the wound track can be minimized. The 1 mm RN compression fitting allows for quick connection to standard 1 mm capillary glass. Pull your own needle and attach it to an RN syringe without wax or glue.

#### **1 mm Compression Fitting**



P/N	Description			
55750-01	RN Compression Fitting 1 mm			
Hamilton does not offer 1 mm glass capillary tubi				



### Gel-Loading Needles

These are replacement needles for a Fixed or Adjustable Gel-Loading syringes. The needles are available in a variety of outer diameters for compatibility with different sized loading wells. For more information on Gel-Loading Syringes turn to page 64.



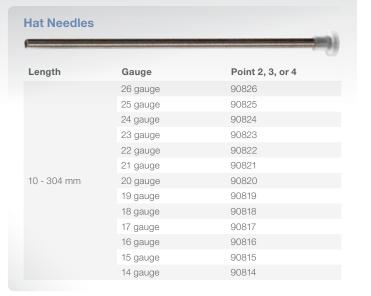
### PEEK Needles

Some applications call for a non-metallic needle. These plastic needles are made from PEEK HPLC tubing that is both chemically and physical robust. PEEK needles are sold in six-packs.



### Valve Port Needles

Hat type needles are designed to be connected directly to a flat bottom valve port. Use the needle bushing part number 35056 to connect the needle directly to any 1/4"-28 Hamilton valve. Hat needles are sold in three-packs.









# Needle Cleaning Accessories

To extend the life of a needle it is critical to thoroughly clean before storage. It is much easier to flush out contaminants before they dry and harden. Be sure to flush the needle with a solvent known to solubilize the sample. One common mistake is to flush salts, protein, or DNA with organic solvents. This tends to precipitate the contaminants, resulting in clogs instead of preventing them.

Hamilton's Needle Cleaning Kit includes a biodegradable, non-phosphate Cleaning Solution Concentrate that is suitable for many common sample types and various sized tungsten cleaning wires that can be threaded through the needle to clear a blockage.

#### **Needle Cleaning Kit**

P/N		Volume					
7662	20A	Kit includes 1	of each	wire and	70 mL c	f concentr	ate

#### **Cleaning Solution Concentrate**

P/N	Volume
18311	500 mL
18310	70 mL

#### **Tungsten Cleaning Wires**

P/N	For Gauges	Wire OD	Package
18304	22, 23 ga, and larger	0.306 mm	10 pk
18303	24 – 26 ga	0.207 mm	10 pk
18302	27 ga	0.167 mm	10 pk
18301	22s, 25s, and 28 - 30 ga	0.126 mm	10 pk
18300	26s and 31 - 33 ga	0.089 mm	10 pk
18306	23s ga	0.076 mm	10 pk

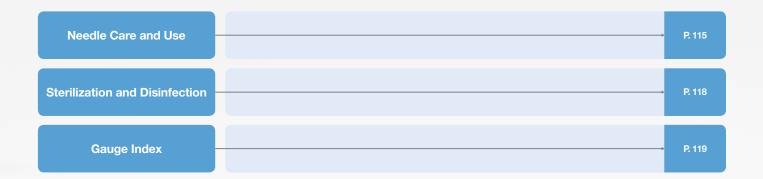




## Needle Technical Reference

The Needle Technical Reference section includes information on the operation, maintenance, and dimensions of the needles. The information is intended as a general guideline.

For specific details on a part number or application search the part on our website or contact a local Hamilton representative.







## Needle Care and Use

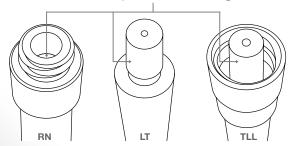
#### Step 1

#### Inspection

#### Inspect the sealing surfaces

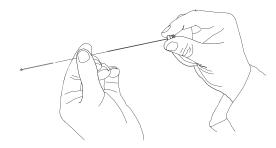
Inspect the connection between the needle hub and the syringe termination. Confirm that the sealing surfaces are free of major damage, scratches, or chips that could hinder sealing.

This is the sealing surface. Make sure there are no cracks, chips, obstructions, or damage.



#### Remove cleaning wire

Hamilton 27-33 gauge needles ship with cleaning wires installed in the needle tubing. Be sure to remove this wire prior to installing the needle. In one hand grab the needle by the hub and in the other hand grab the cleaning wire. Gently pull the cleaning wire until it is completely removed from the needle tubing. Discard the used cleaning wire.



#### Step 2

#### Installation

#### Removable Needle Syringes

Remove the nut of the syringe, then insert the needle into the syringe hub. Thread the nut over the needle, and tighten onto the syringe. Make sure this connection is finger-tight to make a leak-free seal.



After placing the needle and ferrule into the RN hub, thread the RN nut over them and tighten onto the syringe.





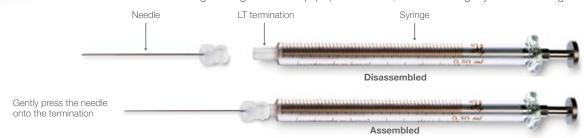
#### NEEDLE TECHNICAL REFERENCE | NEEDLE CARE AND USE

### Needle Care and Use (Cont.)

#### **Installation (Cont.)**

#### Luer Tip Syringes

Press the Kel-F needle hub onto the ground glass Luer Tip (LT) termination, and rotate slightly to ensure a tight seal.



#### PFTE Luer Lock Syringes

Press the Metal or Kel-F needle hub onto the PTFE Luer Lock (TLL) termination until the threads engage. Rotate the hub clockwise. The threads will pull the hub onto the termination resulting in a tight seal.



#### Step 3

#### **Priming**

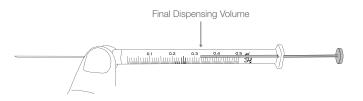
## If dead volume is less than 20% of the syringe volume

When priming, the needle should be immersed in the sample. Rapidly draw and dispense sample into the syringe until bubbles are no longer visible in the syringe barrel. For larger syringes it is possible to remove air bubbles by turning the barrel upright and allowing the air bubbles to rise to the needle exit. Then dispense the air bubbles from the needle.



## If dead volume is greater than 20% of the syringe volume

With such a large dead volume it may not be possible to prime the syringe with the above method. In this case backfilling the system may be the best option. For this method the plunger is removed from the syringe and a second syringe is used to load sample from the back of the syringe. Once the system is completely primed, the plunger is reinserted and ready for use. For these instances Hamilton offers a Priming Kit which is shown on page 63.





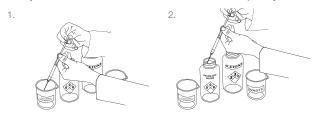
### Needle Care and Use (Cont.)

#### Step 4

#### Cleaning

#### Immediately after use

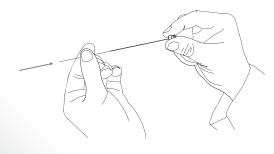
After each use it is critical to flush the sample from the needle. If the sample contained dissolved particles it is critical to use a solvent known to dissolve the particles. For example, if the sample contains proteins, DNA, or salts then flushing with an organic solvent could precipitate these particles resulting in a clog. In this case it is better to flush with a detergent like Hamilton Cleaning Solution Concentrate (page 113), then with deionized water, and finally with acetone to ensure the needle dries quickly.





#### After a needle has become clogged

If the needle is clogged and it is not possible to flush with cleaning solution it is time to use the cleaning wires. Start with the smallest cleaning wire that can be pushed through the needle inner diameter. Slowly increase the cleaning wire up to the size specified for the needle gauge. Once the clog has been removed, rinse the needle as described above.



#### Step 5

#### **Storage**

After the needle is cleaned according to Step 4, store the needle with the syringe in the syringe packaging or in the original needle packaging to keep it protected and clean for future applications.





## Sterilization and Disinfection

The table below shows the autoclavability of our needles as well as the recommended chemicals for disinfection. As an alternative to the autoclave, all needle types may be sterilized using ethylene oxide.

### **Sterilization and Disinfection Table**

Product	Autoclave Sterilization	Chemical Disinfection <sup>1</sup>
Removable Needles	Yes	Yes
Metal Hub Needles	Yes	Yes
Kel-F Hub Needles	Yes	Yes
PTFE Tubing	Yes	Yes
Kel-F Fittings	Yes	Yes

<sup>1</sup>Recommended disinfecting chemicals are Microcide SQ® (P/N 3995-01), 10% bleach, acetone, or ethanol.





# Gauge Index

The Gauge Index contains the nominal inner and outer dimensions of the tubing used in Hamilton needles. If the needle dead volume exceeds 20% of the nominal syringe volume then special priming steps may be required. The index lists the dead volume in  $\mu L/cm$  so it is easier to determine if the gauge is suitable for the desired syringe volume.

Gauge Index				
Gauge	Nominal OD	Nominal ID	Volume	
34	0.159 mm	0.051 mm	0.02 µL/cm	
33	0.210 mm	0.108 mm	0.09 µL/cm	
32	0.235 mm	0.108 mm	0.09 µL/cm	
31	0.261 mm	0.133 mm	0.14 µL/cm	
30	0.312 mm	0.159 mm	0.20 µL/cm	
29	0.337 mm	0.184 mm	0.27 µL/cm	
28	0.362 mm	0.184 mm	0.27 µL/cm	
27	0.413 mm	0.210 mm	0.35 µL/cm	
26s	0.474 mm	0.127 mm	0.13 μL/cm	
26	0.464 mm	0.26 mm	0.53 µL/cm	
25s	0.515 mm	0.153 mm	0.18 µL/cm	
25	0.515 mm	0.260 mm	0.53 µL/cm	
24	0.566 mm	0.311 mm	0.76 µL/cm	
23s	0.642 mm	0.116 mm	0.11 μL/cm	
23	0.642 mm	0.337 mm	0.89 µL/cm	
22s	0.718 mm	0.152 mm	0.18 μL/cm	
22	0.718 mm	0.413 mm	1.34 µL/cm	
21	0.819 mm	0.514 mm	2.07 µL/cm	
20	0.908 mm	0.603 mm	2.86 µL/cm	
19	1.07 mm	0.686 mm	3.70 µL/cm	
18	1.27 mm	0.838 mm	5.52 µL/cm	
17	1.47 mm	1.07 mm	8.94 µL/cm	
16	1.65 mm	1.19 mm	11.2 μL/cm	
15	1.83 mm	1.37 mm	14.8 μL/cm	
14	2.11 mm	1.80 mm	25.6 μL/cm	
13	2.41 mm	1.80 mm	25.6 μL/cm	
12	2.77 mm	2.16 mm	36.6 µL/cm	
11	3.05 mm	2.39 mm	44.8 μL/cm	
10	3.40 mm	2.69 mm	57.0 μL/cm	



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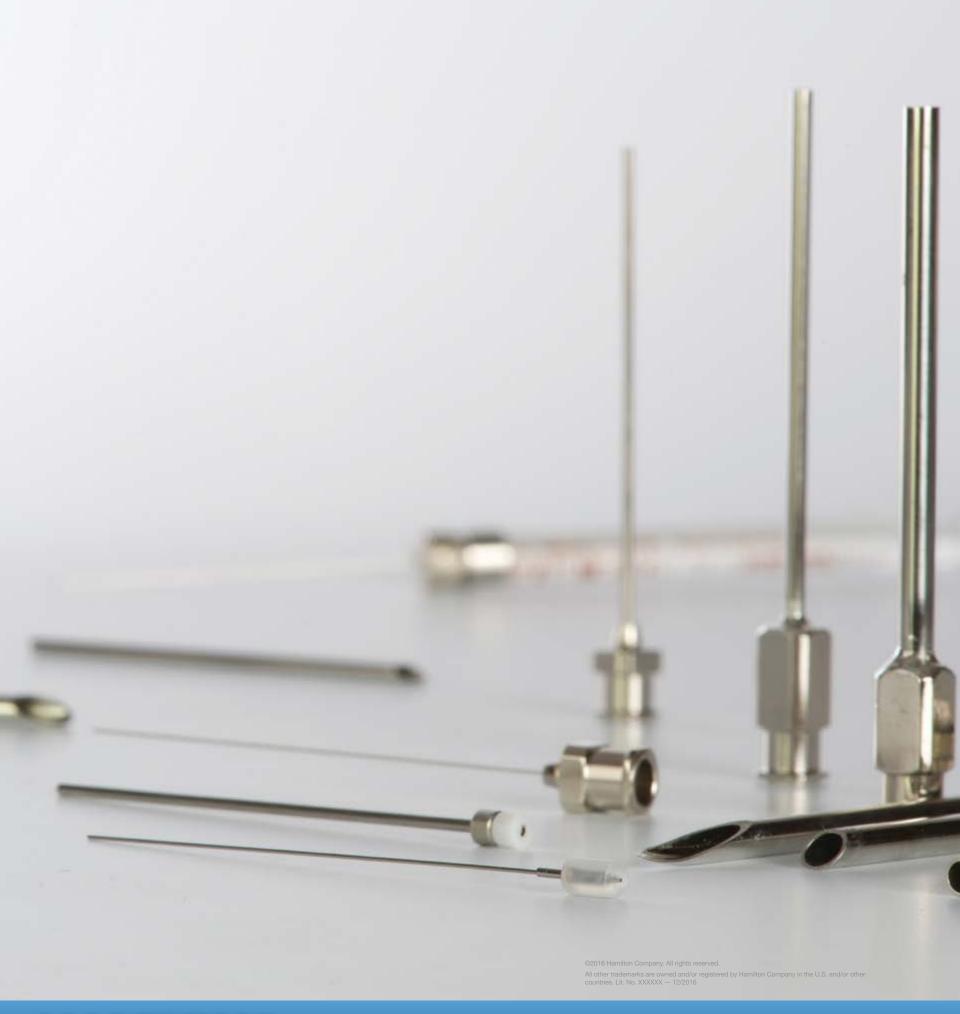
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